

# THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XVII, No. 34

EMPRESS, ALTA, THURSDAY, Jan. 23, 1930

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

## Presentation of "Peggy O'Neal" Is Enjoyed

"Peggy O'Neal," as presented by the Richard Kent Stock Co., in the Theatre on Monday evening, was a performance of characterization of merit. Presentation of plays by this Company up to date have been of a high standard for small town plays.

## Many Listen In

A goodly number of townspeople listened in on Tuesday morning to the broadcast of the opening of the naval parley at St. James' Palace, London. In addition to the speech from King George, addresses were heard from the representatives of the five powers and the British Empire.

## Public Notice

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Electors of the Village of Empress, will be held at the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer of Seven O'clock P.M. on Monday, the Third Day of February, 1930, for the discussion of the Affairs of the Village; and that from Eight O'clock P.M. to Nine O'clock P.M. on the same day and at the same place, nominations for the Office of Councillor will be received. One Councillor is to be elected.  
D. McRACHERN,  
Returning Officer.

## The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes and Pastry from us.  
Town Deliveries made if required.  
Bread 10c a Loaf

## MURRAY The Baker

## SCHOOL SUPPLIES

Remember this place when you are in need of School Supplies: School Books, Scribbles, Drawing Pads, Pens, Pencils, Rulers, etc. Let us know your wants.

## EMPRESS DRUG CO.

Floral agent for: Swift Current, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Saskatoon and Regina and Edmonton. We order from the nearest point.

## United Church

Church School, 2 p.m.  
Public Worship, 7.30 p.m.  
Subject: "Life's Best"  
Text: "The Kingdom of Heaven is like unto a merchant man seeking goodly pearls."  
Why forfeit the best helps in life? Go to Church regularly.  
Rev. Geo. A. Shields,  
Minister.

## Financial Report of the Senior C.G.I.T. 1929-30

Amount on hand January 1929	20 38
Collection	6 35
February collections	50
March fees	30
May collections	2 40
Expenses	85
Expenses	60

Proceeds 29 14  
June-Report of Bazaar May 25

Receipts, 105 00; Expenses 10 00; net proceeds... 95 00

Donated to Girls' Work Board of Alberta, 35 00;

Amount held in trust for Empress Hosp., \$50 85 00

Net proceeds... 10 00

October - Amount on hand... 38 75

Fees... 2 50

Proceeds... 42 25

Disbursements: Middle, 1575; Chwrona, 4 00; Hike, 4 45... 24 25

Proceeds... 18 00

(One Middy on hand value 2 10)

December: fees... 2 35

Expenses... 8 00

Interest... 56

Proceeds... 12 35

Jan. 1, 1930, cash on hand 13 91

Am. held in trust for hospital... 650 00

Total... 63 91

Hestrice Breda, Treas.

## First Wedding Is Solemnized In New Church Building

The first wedding in the new Catholic Church, took place on Tuesday, January 21, at 10.30 a.m., when the marriage of Miss Helen Sank to Mr. Louis Mahura was solemnized by the Rev. Father Leo Sullivan. The bride was assisted by Miss Sophie Mahura, and the groom by Mr. V. Nisa. Mrs. G. M. Miller officiated at the organ and vocalist were Mrs. F. Pawlik and Miss Flock. The ceremony was observed in the presence of a number of relatives and friends.

After the ceremony a wedding dinner was held at the farm home of the groom's mother. The happy couple will reside on the groom's farm, and we join in the general congratulations offered them.

## Why Should Births Be Registered

There is a law in every province which requires the registration of births, and, as a rule, the partial responsibility for such registration rests with the parent. Whether or not the parents are held responsible by law, they should see that the provincial requirements are met because, for the following reasons, it is in the interest of new-born child that the birth be registered:

It is through the registration of births and deaths that a check is kept upon health conditions. The cause of death, the undue prevalence of disease, the results of health work, and the protection from disease and the attainment of health depend so largely upon this public service, each citizen should do his part in seeing that such necessary reports as birth registrations are made to the proper authorities.

If the child's birth is not registered, he may be hampered in adult life because birth certificates are now demanded for:

1. Proof of citizenship, in order to have the right to vote; to obtain a passport for travelling outside the country;
2. Proof of age; this is required by insurance companies before claims can be settled; as evidence of child's having reached school age as a condition.

## Local Risk Making Name For Itself in Calgary Bospital

Up until Wednesday morning the risk of Empress card suits came from the Calgary Hospital, but registered by successive wins, and shared with Norman Johnston, of the city, the honor of being one of the two undefeated risks in the Spad. Dan McEachern, obviously, according to reports of the game had risen to the occasion to snatch a victory for his team on a crucial last shot of the game, while Chuck Young is said to be keeping the dice warm with his beam. They had entered the eight's of two competitions, and are well on the road for the jewelry.

A telephone report from Calgary was to the effect that the risk had now played nine games. They had their first and only loss up to that time on Wednesday. The risk had reached the fairs of the Eaton competition.

Age where work certificates are required, or to prove that age when work certificate is required has been passed; to prove for enlistment in the army; to prove age in connection with marriage;

3. Establishment of identity and prestige, to prove right to inheritance; Many more reasons might be given, such as age for a motor driver's licence and age, for old age pension, but enough have been mentioned to establish clearly that, from the standpoint of both the community and the individual, birth registration should never be neglected. A moral and legal obligation rests upon parents to see that the birth of their child is properly registered.

## Now Is The Time

Renew or  
Subscribe

The Local Paper

"Be loyal to your community"

RENEW

See Us for Clubbing Offers

## Important Questions In Session Agenda

Ottawa, Jan. 20.—Parliament has been summoned to assemble on Thursday, February 20, for the fourth session of the sixteenth Parliament. The week later than last year, is said to be due to the desire to have the three federal elections concluded and to conclude other conference and arrangements before the House meets.

The volume of business might be large, and may be said to be contentious in many cases, especially in view of the fact that, this being the fourth session of the parliament, there is a large for dissolution and a general election, although no indication of such has been given by the Government. Even if it is certain that an election will not take place, however, political warfare is in the offing.

The tariff will probably come in for chief attention, especially in view of the fact that the United States Congress is expected to dispose of its tariff revision. If the provisions of the new tariff affect Canada adversely, agitation for similar tariff action will no doubt find its way into the House. In addition the Canadian Tariff Board has been extremely busy for the past few months and will resume its sessions shortly, so that there is every indication that tariff changes will be foreshadowed in the budget.

Another proposal certain to evoke discussion is that of the United States for a large armed force along the border to enforce prohibition. Linked up with this question is the one previously discussed of prohibiting the export from Canada of liquor cargoes to the United States. The main arguments, pro and con, are stressed. On one side is stressed the supposed moral obligation of Canada to help out its neighbor in making prohibition effective, and the fact that Canada is collecting millions to toll from a business which is in violation of the American statutes. The other side points out that the cost of aiding the United States to enforce its laws would be great; Canada would be losing a large amount of revenue if it prohibited the export of liquor, and other countries are not banning such exports to the (cont. on back page)

## Canadian Pacific Railway Lines

## LOW FARES

## BANFF WINTER SPORTS CARNIVAL

Tickets on Sale  
JAN. 31  
FEB. 8

FEB. 1 to 8

REJUVENATE IN THE EXHILARATING MOUNTAIN AIR

SKIING TOBAGO SKIING

SKATING SNOWSHOING

SLIPSHOOTING TRAPSHOOTING

HOCKEY SWIMMING

CURLING DANCING

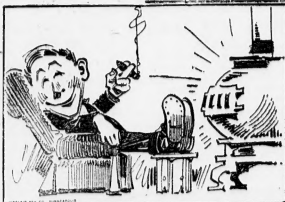
from stations in Alberta and in British Columbia (Vancouver, Kootenay, Kamloops and Fort). Limit Feb. 10, 1930. For full information ask the Ticket Agent or write G. D. BLOPHY, District Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Ry., CALGARY, ALTA.

In Great Britain, Hungary, Sweden and the Irish Free State the most "Keep to the left." The rest of the world chooses the right side of the road—sometimes.

## NOTICE Re: Tilley East Area Leases

The Board appointed to administer lands in the above areas will proceed to allocate leases as at February 1st, 1930, and applications now in the hands of the Board, and any other arriving up to that date, will then be dealt with.

All applications should be made to the Secretary, Tilley East Area Board, c/o Department of Municipal Affairs, Edmonton.

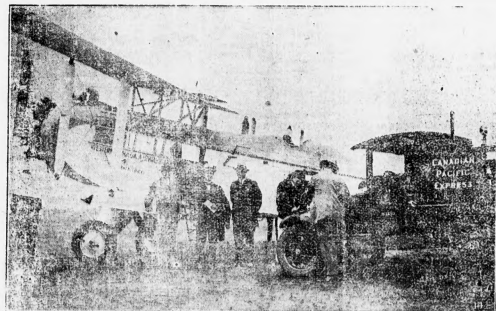


## 40 Below-What Do I Care?

when I've got four tons of the hottest heating coal that ever came out of the earth.  
This Coal is some that I got from the Empress Lumber Yard. Its great—the best heating coal I ever saw. They told me it would make me feel a bit warm around the edges, and it sure does. Its a superior coal at no blither price than you pay for "the other kind."

## The Empress Lumber Yards

J.N. ANDERSON, prop. PHONE 58



Distance, so far as the Canadian Pacific is concerned appears to be measured no longer in miles. It is the important factor and, at last, in respect of package goods, the Canadian Atlantic and Pacific are drawing closer each year. Now, Captain Bisset is signing for Canadian Pacific express packages and over the air, between Winnipeg and Calgary. For several months the Company has operated service between Regina, Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto. The new link in the air chain is forged under auspices of Premier Bracken of Manitoba.

## Peace On Earth, Goodwill Toward Men

"Interdependence," a monthly review published by the League of Nations Society, in Canada, has rendered a real service to Canada, and indirectly to the cause of world peace, by printing the complete text of the magnificently inspiring speech delivered by the Rt. Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, at the state dinner tendered him by the Government of Canada, in the House of Commons at Ottawa, last night. MacDonald's message to the Canadian people, containing such a sincere and impassioned plea for international understanding and a will to peace, was listened to over the radio by hundreds of thousands of people in this country and the United States. That national service to most strengthened by the reprint of the full text of Mr. MacDonald's speech, thus enabling people to read this message again and ponder over it at their leisure.

"This same issue of 'Interdependence' which, by the way, is distributed to members of the League of Nations Society throughout Canada, or can be had for the trifling subscription price of one dollar a year, also contains the text of the address given by Rhoan Pinard, the 18-year-old Quebec boy, who won the International Oratorical Contest, held at Washington, D.C., before President Hoover, in October last. The subject of Rhoan Pinard's address was "Canada Among the Nations," and, like Premier MacDonald's speech, is one well worthy of the consideration of the people of this country. It will intensify a Canadian's pride in, and love for his Dominion. Equally important, and essential to that pride and love, it will further impress upon all readers the absolute necessity for the cultivation of understanding and goodwill among all classes of the Canadian population, based on knowledge, which alone can render ineffective those periodical appeals to passion and prejudice through designing persons seek to sway the emotions of our people. Mutual understanding, mutual good will, mutual appreciation of each other's good qualities, must exist as the basis of peace and cordiality of relations among the various races which make up Canada's cosmopolitan population.

Domestic peace in Canada, it is hardly necessary to say, is the first requirement if this Dominion is to successfully play the role of peace protagonist among all the nations, and an effective member of the League of Nations. From the inception of the League of Nations, Canada has been one of its most important and active members. The peace of the world, and the councils of the nations is far greater than its population and wealth and would power would accord to it. That influence radiates from the successes already achieved by Canada in solving for itself some of the most vexatious problems now troubling other countries. That influence can be related and further extended to the extent only that Canadians themselves put into every day practice those rules of conduct which the maintenance of peace among all nations demands.

Canada stands for world peace. This fact is recognized by all nations. It is also recognized that as a people we have no ulterior motives in our membership in the League of Nations; that our presence there is solely from a desire to serve others and we are paying our dues to the League of Nations as a people. As a people we unhesitatingly and uncompromisingly bear our burden when an unwise war was forced upon mankind. We gave in unflinching measure, and we are paying our dues to the League of Nations from anybody. This is recognized and appreciated by other nations, and our influence is correspondingly great. So, too, is our responsibility. We must, therefore, first of all be true to ourselves and to those ideals we advocate for adoption by all other peoples and nations.

Finally, "Interdependence" notes with satisfaction the offer of Premier Mackenzie King to provide suitable copies of the Brand-Kellogg pact outlining war to Provincial Department of Education who will undertake to distribute them to the schools, and to churches which will give it a place in their edifices. Unquestionably the future peace of the world depends on the determination in the minds of the people, consequently through the schools and churches can the best results be reached. The pact, to which Canada's signature is attached, outlawing war as an instrument of national policy, should have a place on the walls of every church and school throughout this broad Dominion. It is a message of "Peace on earth, goodwill toward men."

### Congratulates Winner

**Herman Trele to Be Honored at Red Spring Reward What Takes Highest Honors**

"Nobody is more pleased than I am over the fact that Joseph Smith, of Wolf Creek, Alberta, has won the world's wheat championship at Chicago," declared Herman Trele, of Vermyley, Peace River, former holder of the championship. "I am particularly pleased that Red Spring Reward was the winning wheat."

It was recalled by Mr. Trele that the district where the championship wheat was grown was not considered previously as a particularly good wheat country. The success attained by Mr. Smith, he added, showed that varieties of grain can be raised in any conditions in Alberta and are bound to prove successful if the experiments are made by persons with the qualifications of the 1929 champion.

Head waiter—"The table in that corner is reserved for ladies."

Guest—"But there is no table in that corner."

Head Waiter—"Well, no ladies ever come here."

The Egyptians of the pyramid-building age established a scale of proportion for human and animal sculptures.

## Smothering Spells

**Couldn't Walk Far Gaspod For Breath**

Mrs. P. W. Roth, Kelowna, B.C., writes:—"For over a year I have been troubled with smothering spells, and it was impossible for me to walk even a short distance without having to gasp for breath."

A friend told me to try

**MILBURN'S HEART NERVE PILLS**

"Which I did, and in a short time I felt much better. I can now recommend them to everyone."  
Price, 50c, a box at all druggists and mail order, direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

W. N. U. 1816

### Clothing and Safety

**Industrial Institutions Enforcing Rules Against Ragged Work Suits**

Workmen on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway will henceforth wear form-fitting clothing. There will be no more ragged sleeves, dangling laces on shirts, or flapping collars. The matter was decided after the railway's board of directors entered into the decision to enforce these regulations, but the greater factor was the fact of safety.

It is only within the last few years that these in charge of industry have come to a full realization of the danger to life and limb of loose and ragged clothing. Men working about moving machinery are in constant peril. If anything is dangling from their clothing which is likely to become caught in a belt or flywheel. The constantly increasing number of accidents from this cause clearly taught its lesson, and more and more factories and other industrial institutions are enforcing rules of safe dress.

As a matter of fact, a large part of safety in industry has to do with clothing.

### Large Free Tree Distribution

**8,673,630 Trees Sent Out To Prairie Farmers In Spring Of 1929**

The number of trees distributed in the spring of 1929 from the forest shelterbelt maintained by the Federal Government, under the auspices of the Service, Department of the Interior, at Indian Head and Sutherland, Saskatchewan, was the largest ever sent out in any one year. The total number of trees sent to farmers in the Prairie Provinces was 8,673,630—4,360,174 from the Indian Head nursery, and 4,313,456 from the Sutherland nursery. The total number of applicants who received trees was 7,462.

### Constructing Central Heating Plant

The Northern Engineering and Development Company, Winnipeg, has been taken out on permit for \$60,000 for the construction of the first unit of the central steam heating plant, and work will be begun at once.

Twenty-six days were required for the trip of the first steamer to cross the Atlantic.

Douglas fir trees produce almost a quarter of the lumber output of this country.

Waters of the deep sea cover 115,000,000 square miles with an average depth of two miles.

## Making Survey For Gibraltar Tunnel

**Work Likely To Involve Large Political As Well As Engineering Features**

The work of examining the rock strata of the Straits of Gibraltar for a tunnel between Europe and Africa is under way, but while the attention of the world is focused on its structural problems, the tunnel also has involved political and engineering features.

During "The World War" the captain general at Cadix, who was the Premier Primo de Rivera, made a speech suggesting that Spain join the war on the side of the allies and that in return for this England should give Gibraltar back to Spain. The captain general lost his position for making this speech as an official. This was Primo de Rivera's first political speech.

When Primo de Rivera became dictator in 1930, he remembered the action of the former captain general at Cadix. Spain always has had a secret desire to get Gibraltar back. It is expected the tunnel project will be an excuse to reopen the subject. It is obvious that if the premier made an arrangement to Gibraltar back to Spain would be an achievement that Spain never would forget.

Spain's foreign program has been announced for Spain, and it is doubted that it would spend money on the tunnel for years. It is not known whether the tunnel would pass with Gibraltar, but if the tunnel leads to the reopening of negotiations by which Spain would get Gibraltar back on the basis of a lease for 100 or 500 years, possibly with a renewal option, there would be great rejoicing at Madrid.

### Pirates Plans Frustrated

**Chinese Pirates Are Captured By Aid Of Wireless**

The alertness of a wireless operator prevented the escape of Chinese pirates who had just captured the steamer, "Hatching," attempted to shoot the vessel and finally set fire to it.

Two British warships, the "Serapis" and "Sterling," arrived in answer to "Hatching's" S.O.S., extinguished the fire and captured the pirates. The two war craft towed the "Hatching" to Hong Kong, with all the pirates prisoners aboard.

The bandits laid their plans according to the regular system. They boarded the "Hatching" as regular passengers when the 2,080-ton vessel belonging to the Douglas Steamship Company, left Swallow for Hong Kong.

Early this morning they swarmed on board and attacked the bridge. Members of the crew returned the fire and repulsed them. Third Officer K. A. Woodward died as the result of wounds and First Officer R. Perry also was wounded. Several of the pirates were killed.

Frustrated in their first attempt, the pirates set fire to the ship. They apparently still hoped to gain control after which they would plunder the "Hatching" and escape in boats to the nearby shore. But they reckoned without the wireless operator and the warships.

### Interesting Wild Life

Many interesting wild animals known to most people only in a zoo can be seen and studied in their natural environment in Waterton Lakes National Park, in the southwest corner of the province of Alberta. There reserve there are big-horn, or Rocky Mountain sheep, mountain goat, black bear, moose, elk, beaver, and many kinds of small fur-bearingers.

Miller's Woodpeckers will clear the stomach and bowels of worms, so that the child will no more be troubled by their ravages. The powders are sweet to the taste and no child will object to taking them. They are non-injurious in their composition, while in some cases, the child is capable vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are irritating, but as an indication of their effective work.

"Has my boy?" wrote the proud parent to the school-master, "a noun he has sent in any direction." "He has," replied the master. "He gave every indication of being an inventor, but he has not yet got all his work for him."

## That Irritating Cough

complications will stop a cough, and prevent it from taking its course. A half teaspoon of Milner's

**MILNER'S Cough Syrup**

## The New World Bank

**Will Do For International Finance What League Does For International Politics**

To the second Hague conference now or soon to be in operative session will be presented the completed report of the committee of experts appointed to frame the statutes and charter of the proposed Bank of International Finance, which the agreement followed long and protracted discussions, and as the headquarters of the bank have now been finally located at Zurich, Switzerland, early materialization of the project may be expected after the conference has adopted the report and otherwise ended the lengthy negotiations required to arrange the details of the new institution, as an integral part of the League of Nations reparations settlement.

The bank, according to the present agreement, will not have as powers as have sometimes been suggested. It will simply take the place of the agent-general for reparations payments in handling the transfer of all sums between Germany and the Allies and will be empowered to supervise and assist in the commercialization of certain parts of the German annuities. It will have the power to perform various ordinary bank operations in order to facilitate them, but it will always be constrained to act in strict conformity with the wishes of the central banks concerned. The disbursement of any of the funds would be sufficient to prevent its taking any proposed action.

Most of the political problems still remaining in connection with certain phases of the bank's trust agreement are satisfactorily worked out at this time. The bank's charter, as proposed, will thus be definitely incorporated in the Young Plan as it will be submitted to the nations for their ratification of their respective Parliaments. A start will have been made to do for international finance what the League does for international law. If the bank's beginnings are somewhat humble, there is no telling the place it may some day come to hold in maintaining the peaceful balance of all international relations.

### Advertising Canadian Appear

**British Papers Urge People To Buy Canadian Goods**

British doctors must be good fellows. They have uttered no word of protest against the tremendous influx of Canadian apples, although every season Canada is sending Great Britain about 150,000,000 pounds of apples. Far from being disturbed over this Canadian outpouring to keep the dollar away, they are doubtless contributing handsomely in the form of orders to pay for the apples of the Empire Marketing Board.

At the present time in British daily newspapers, display advertisements are urging the British to buy Canadian apples. "Buy Canadian Apples." Before initiating the campaign through the daily papers, the Empire Marketing Board inserted advertisements in the leading trade papers in Great Britain with the object of preparing the fruit trade for an increased demand for Canadian apples. In addition to the general advertisement in the papers with an aggregate circulation of about 10,000,000 readers, the Empire Marketing Board is sending out an instructive pamphlet telling about Canadian apples from the time when the sturdy Scottish settler at Iroquois, John McIntosh, in 1796, produced the first famous McIntosh Red. The pamphlet includes a number of recipes for serving Canadian apples in puddings, pies, tarts and other dishes.

### Outbitted Police

Students of Ogdensburg, Hungary, who were ready to concede that the demonstration of protest against the reparations payments, kept police at bay by singing the national anthem during their speeches. The police were forced, in accordance with army orders, to stand inactive at attention, while the singing continued.

One of the most common complaints of laborers in New Zealand is the ineffective application for them is Mother Grogan's Wax Extremator.

### Synthetic Gold

G. P. Aston and H. W. Atack, two chemical research workers, of New Zealand, have made the statement that through an electric magnetic process they have been able to change certain elements into gold. During their research Aston claims he discovered a new force, "chromadym," which is said to be ten times more powerful than electricity.

### Manitoba Telephones

The Manitoba Telephone System reports a noteworthy increase in net earnings for the ten months ended September 30th, being \$248,887 as compared with \$187,977 for the same period of last year.

## General Conditions Fundamentally Sound

**Sir Charles Gordon, President, at Annual Meeting of Bank of Montreal, Draws Attention to Great Strides Made by Canada During Recent Years**

Sir Charles Gordon's presidential address at the annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal will exert a far-reaching influence upon economic conditions in Canada.

Reviewing the business situation in Canada, Sir Charles referred to the unbroken expansion of the first ten months of the year and extending back over a five-year period, the most marked advance being in the field of mining, and he said that Canadian activity was such that the Canadian banks took no special advantage of the high rates offered in New York; their money was fully employed in the Dominion, and "every legitimate need of this country was taken care of at much lower rates than prevailed in the United States."

There is good ground for general business confidence in Sir Charles Gordon's statement that inflation is apparent in any of the basic commodities of Canadian commerce. He spoke frankly of such unfavorable factors as the reduction in the cost of raw materials, and the collapse of stock market prices. On the other hand, he pointed out industrial development in the West, and branches of commerce that are beneficial influences; building has increased, the reduction in the cost of raw materials, and the collapse of stock market prices. On the other hand, he pointed out industrial development in the West, and branches of commerce that are beneficial influences; building has increased, the reduction in the cost of raw materials, and the collapse of stock market prices.

### General Manager's Address

Mr. H. B. MacKenzie, the general manager, surveyed the bank's operations of the past year and made a prompt diagnosis of actual economic conditions.

Mr. MacKenzie's analysis of the salient features of the balance sheet is not only convincing of a healthy position in the volume of the bank's business and of its strong liquid position, but it is testimony also of a determination to continue the same, with an energetic management that is traditional of the institution.

"Our customers in all lines of production and commerce," he said, "have, as always, been our chief care, and their needs have been fully supplied; but we have recently been urged to make our applications 'large and small, for loans against good collateral but to be used for other than business purposes, generally the purchase of securities. These applications have been numerous that they threatened to outrun upon the money market, to finance the country's business."

There is in the proceedings at the Bank of Montreal meeting abundant proof that credit is sound. "Business," MacKenzie said, "will be somewhat quiet while we are getting 'back to reality, but the reality of our country—Canada and the United States—afford firm basis for a healthy optimism."

### Young Lady Operator-Printer at Liberty Bells Press, Not Job Good

and clean floors on machine. Reason for change, editor's son home from college.

### Minard's Liniment For Chapped Hands.

Poet: "My work will be read a hundred years from now."

Friend: "Why, the editors won't keep it in their desks as long as that, will they?"

## Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cook them with Para-San's Healthy Wax Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-San in the handy, stationary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for "Emploir's 'Centre Pull' Packs."

## Appleford Paper Products

**LIMITED**

**HAMILTON**

**Western Representatives:**

**HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.**

## For BETTER BABY TEETH AND BONES

**SCOTT'S EMULSION**

**FAMOUS FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS**

**Commander Byrd Defended**

**British Explorers Cannot Understand Reported Charges Of Norwegian Airman**

British explorers came to the defence of Commander Richard R. Byrd, against the reported charges of Major Trygve Gran, Norwegian airman and explorer who was a member of the Scott Antarctic expedition.

Major Gran was quoted in a Copenhagen despatch to the Daily Mail, as saying that the terrible mountains which Commander Byrd described were a fantasy.

Captain R. G. England, who commanded the "Nimrod" of Shackleton's first expedition in 1907, said he could not understand Major Gran's reported statement.

"It is all the more extraordinary because Gran was one of Scott's men," said Capt. England. "It would be the 'Nimrod' of Shackleton."

If Scott's men did not see mountains near the South Pole. On the east there the Queen Elizabeth range, 15,000 feet in height, and on the west the Queen Maud range which is about the same height. These mountains have been actually surveyed and measured.

Captain William Olsby, who was one of the Southern Cross Expedition of 1888-93, said: "It is well known there are mountains near the South Pole. Commander Byrd would probably see them from 100 miles away because of his height in his aeroplane. His was a magnificent sight."

Perlan Balm is magical in creating alabaster complexion. A little gentle rubbing and your skin is invigorated and touched with the true beauty of youth. Charming Fragrant. Delightful to use. Cools and caresses the skin. Softens and brightens the complexion. Revitalized as a perfect aid to beauty and health.

Mrs.—"When you proposed to me you said that you were not worthy of me."

Mr. (sarcastically)—"Well, what of it?"

Mrs. (even more so)—"Nothing! only I will say this much, that whatever else you were weren't a liar."

Minard's Liniment For Coughs.

The Coast Line of Great Britain measures 2,705 miles; Italy's exceeds this by about 390 miles.

The two most widely spoken languages in Europe are German and Russian.

The oldest known musical instrument is the bell.

# Resources Dispute With Manitoba and Alberta Has Been Settled

Ottawa—Fifty years of controversy and dispute was terminated here when Manitoba and the Dominion entered into an agreement which by the natural resources of the province are to be turned back to provincial control.

With 10 minutes of the signing of the Manitoba agreement, a second agreement ending the resources dispute with Alberta was consummated. The settlement with Manitoba and Alberta leaves Saskatchewan alone among the provinces of Canada lacking control of her natural resources. There were many expressions of regret here today by federal ministers that this should be so. The Dominion Government shortly will answer the case submitted by Dr. Anderson, and it is believed that the half-expressed desire of the province for a constitutional law suit will be gratified.

The Manitoba agreement was signed on behalf of the province by Premier John Bracken, Hon. D. G. McKenna, Minister of Mines and Natural Resources, and on behalf of the Dominion by Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, second signature for the Dominion, that of Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice, will be affixed later. The Alberta agreement was signed on behalf of the province by Premier J. E. Brownlie, Hon. George Hoadley, Minister of Agriculture, and on behalf of the Dominion by Mr. Stewart. The signature of Mr. Lapointe will be affixed to this document also.

The signing of the resources agreement took place in the most historic room in the Dominion, the Privy Council Chamber in the "East Block" of the government buildings. This building, older than Confederation itself, has been the stage upon which most of the important events in the life of Canada have been acted. In the privy council chamber, the proclamation of Confederation was read on July 1, 1867, the first government was sworn in, and the Dominion of Canada born.

## Japan Would Keep Subs

But Is Willing To Co-Operate In Armament Reduction  
Victoria, B.C.—Reijo Wakatsuki and Admiral Takasaka, heading the Japanese delegation to the forthcoming London disarmament conference, asserted that their country would go as far toward reducing its naval force as any other power.

The party are on their way to Washington before proceeding to London for the conference, which starts next month.

The former premier said his country desired to keep submarines as a naval weapon.

Montreal, Que.—Lord Atholstan and the Montreal staff, with the co-operation of the Canadian Pacific Railway, announce the opening of special relief kitchens for the unemployed during the winter months. The meals are to be entirely free.

# Union Jack Hauled Down As British Soldiers Evacuate the Rhineland

Wiesbaden, Germany—Scenes reminiscent of the first Armistice Day celebration were enacted here after the Union Jack had been hauled down from British headquarters and the last British soldiers had evacuated the Rhineland.

Residents of the city held their joy within bounds until after the troops were on their way. Then the city houses. Strangers meeting in the streets clapped hands in congratulation and the cafes were jammed with celebrators who continuously toasted each other and the Fatherland.

The Union Jack came down from its staff over the Hotel Hohenzollern at 2 o'clock this afternoon. At the same hour another small British detachment was leaving Bingen-on-the-Rhine.

Here in Wiesbaden the company of British Fusiliers mounted guard at the approach of the color-bearers and the detachment then passed in review before Lieut-General Sir William Thwaites, British commander, for the last time on German soil.

There was a long roll from 20,000

## Veterans' Secretary Dead

Captain Harry Colbourne Was Well Known In Canada

Ottawa, Ont.—Captain Harry Colbourne, Dominion secretary-treasurer of the army and navy veterans in Canada, and one of the best known figures in the returned soldier movement, died here on October 11. Capt. Colbourne, who was born in England, came to Canada in 1891, and lived in Montreal until the outbreak of the great war, when he went to the front as paymaster of the 15th battalion. In France he transferred to the 87th battalion grenadier guards, of Montreal. Five years ago Capt. Colbourne came to Ottawa as Dominion secretary of the A.N.V.C. Capt. Colbourne was one of the pillars of soccer football in Canada and a member of the Dominion executive.

## Protest From Britishers

Resent German Practice Of "Dumping" Cereals Into Old Land

London, England—The British foreign office should make representations to Germany indicating unfairness of the practice of "dumping" cereals into Great Britain, the agricultural committee of the Conservative parliamentary party, meeting in the parliament buildings to consider the importations of cereals from Germany under the bounty system. The importation in large quantities was a breach of the spirit, if not of the letter, of the mutual obligations which had been entered into, the committee added.

## Market For B.C. Timber

Vancouver Business Men Sell For Anticipated To Study Markets There

Vancouver—A crusade for greater control of the timber and pulp trade for British Columbia lumber products was started recently by four Vancouver business men who sailed for the Antipodes on board the "Aorangi," Major L. G. Robin, T. D. Gault, Major R. R. Andrews, and J. E. Brownlie. The four will study Australian and New Zealand requirements, will address various organizations, interview business and government heads and make extensive investigations.

## No Agreement Reached

Return Of Natural Resources To Alberta Still Undecided

Ottawa—No agreement was reached at the conference between Premier Brownlie and members of the Dominion cabinet with Premier J. E. Brownlie, premier of Alberta, on the return of the natural resources to Alberta. At the conclusion of the conference which lasted for two hours, Premier Brownlie said that the representations of Alberta had been made but would be put in written form and sent to the Dominion Government.

# Will Consider Claims

Ottawa To Look Into Requests Of Amputations Association and Institute For Blind

Ottawa—Written memoranda submitted by 10 deputations which waited upon the government will receive consideration says Hon. J. H. King, Minister of Pensions and National Health.

The deputations in question were representative of the Amputations Association and the Canadian National Institute for the Blind. Verbal as well as written representations were made.

The deputations from the Amputations Association, which was headed by Richard Myers, of Toronto, urged that all pensions be increased to grant amputations cases under the revision of disability ratings should have been adjusted to the date of the discharge of the pensioners.

Captain E. A. Baker, general secretary of the C.N.I.B., headed the deputations. The request was made for government assistance to the end that those afflicted with blindness should be given opportunity to earn their own living. Steps for the prevention of blindness were also urged.

## Three Perish In Arctic

Word Was Brought Out By Major L. T. Burwash

Ottawa, Ont.—News of the death of three natives of Scotland occurring in the Canadian Arctic was brought out by Major L. T. Burwash, of the Northwest Territories branch of the Department of the Interior, who arrived in Ottawa at the end of an 18-month trip, which took him along the coast of the Arctic from Alaska to Boothia Peninsula.

Harold Luca, of the Hudson's Bay Company, was swallowed up by a raging blizzard seven miles out of Gjoa Haven. Jim McKay Christie, also of the Hudson's Bay Company, died at Bathurst Post under similar circumstances after Lewis T. ("Bill") Rader, engineer of the Ptarmigan. Major Burwash's boat, had half-carried and half-rafted him, and the frozen wastes for 30 hours. Another man, recruited by the Hudson's Bay Company, was drowned, died on Coronation Gulf after he had broken through newly formed ice, over which he was walking. The freezing water gradually exhausted him.

## An Important Decision

Judge Rules R.C.M.P. Have Authority To Enforce Provincial Law

The Pas, Man.—Royal Canadian Mounted Police have the authority to enforce provincial law as well as federal statutes, according to a decision handed down here by Judge A. L. Bonnycaut, of Dauphin judicial district. The decision upheld a judgment by Magistrate J. Rydard.

The case arose out of a claim by defendant that a mounted police officer did not have the right to stop a motor vehicle.

## New Gold Field Discovered

London, England—A despatch to the Daily News from Moscow, said that an expedition headed by Professor Orshchiff had discovered vast gold fields in the Yakutsk region of Siberia. The gold deposits were said to extend over an area 450 miles long and 250 miles wide.

## Royal York Buys Champs

In order to ensure a full larder for the coming festive season the Royal York Hotel has bought a fine lot of hogs at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, and secured the special carload lot of champion steers which were a great sensation among cattle experts throughout the fair. This champion herd of fifteen hand-picked steers, named MacIntyre ranch in southern Alberta, weighed in at slightly under 1200 lbs. each, and the lot was sold for \$1,093. "Play Boy" weights to have been finished in Canada. It



was quite a dramatic moment when the steers were brought into the Royal York and herded in the center of the ring. The management also purchased the Grand Champion Wether of the fair and in addition the first prize carlot of ten lambs. A final purchase was the Grand Champion Steer, "Play Boy"—a perfect specimen of the Shorthorn Class—was raised by Ernest Brown, Denfield, Ont. The Royal York paid \$125 per lb. or a total of \$1,093. "Play Boy" weights 575 lbs. He is shown in the above cut.

## AMERICAN LEGATION SECRETARY



Ben Reath Biggs, who, it has been officially announced, is to be first secretary to the American Legation at Ottawa. When Ambassador Phillips leaves this month, Mr. Biggs will be in charge of affairs until new ambassador arrives.

## Using Tractors On Desert

French and Chinese Scientists Conducting Expedition Without Camels

Peiping—Gasoline driven tractors are to replace camels on a desert expedition being organized by French and Chinese scientists to cover unexplored parts of North China and Indo-China next year. The purpose of the trip is to carry on scientific research and is to be conducted jointly by the National Scientific Union of China and the Citroen Motor Car Company of France.

The Chinese expedition is to start from Peiping in February and plan to meet up with the French explorers, now in Persia, after the tractor brigade has crossed Russian Turkistan.

## Takes Name Of Benefactor

Russian Youth, Flesman Of Late War, Becomes Canadian Citizen

Barrie, Ont.—An 11-year-old Polish lad, starved, clad in filthy rags and broken by overwork, found his way to an encampment of Canadian soldiers at Soroka, Siberia, at the time of the Russian revolution, 12 years ago. Grown to manhood, John Petrosky applied yesterday to Judge Wismer for naturalization papers and he adopted the name of George Harvey, the name of the Canadian soldier who had proved his private friend in the 100 days and who had seen him established in Canada. George Harvey, the first, was in court to corroborate Petrosky's strange story.

## Goodwin Returns East

Last Member Of MacLaine Party Leaves For Home In Hamilton

The Pas, Man.—Don Goodwin, the last member of the lost and found MacLaine party to remain in the north, left for his home in Hamilton, Ont., accompanied by Dr. Donald Bruce, of The Pas, who has attended him ever since he was rescued from the party at Cambridge Bay. Goodwin, suffering from frozen feet when he arrived here, had three toes amputated and has been resting since the operation.

# U. S. Government Apologizes For Attack Upon Canadian Vessel

Washington, D.C.—The United States Government "regrets" the action of a coastguard patrol boat in firing without legal authority upon the Canadian motor ship Shawnee, off New York harbor on the night of September 11.

The apology of the Washington government to Ottawa, is contained in a note handed to the Canadian Minister, Hon. Vincent Massey, in reply to his representations on the subject.

The note carried an account of the incident from "appropriate American authorities," presumably the treasury department, under which coastguard functions, and in this account it was charged the Shawnee was a liquor smuggling vessel, built especially to carry American liquor in a manner alleged to be menacing to navigation.

The skipper's version of the incident, which the treasury department, under which coastguard functions, and in this account it was charged the Shawnee was a liquor smuggling vessel, built especially to carry American liquor in a manner alleged to be menacing to navigation.

## Three Fighting For Earldom Of Egmont

Legal Battle To Prove Claim Opens In London

London, Eng.—A cowboy, a baker, and an optician opened their legal battle here to prove their conflicting claims to the Earldom of Egmont.

The cowboy is Frederick Joseph Trevelyan Percival, 56, of 28 years a rancher in Alberta, Canada.

The baker is James William Percival, 65, a resident of London, and the father of six children.

The optician is Robert Fownall, an old-age pensioner of Haydock, Lancashire.

Whoever wins the three-cornered fight will become Earl of Egmont. Baron Percival, Baron Arden and Baron Launceston and Holland. The value of the estates to which he will succeed is estimated at from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000.

The rival claimants to the Egmont title and fortune have searched the family records back to 1733, when the title was granted. In their attempt to fill several blank spaces in the Percival genealogical table and thus substantiate their individual claims they have carried their investigations as far as Australia.

## To Protect Level Crossings

Board of Railway Commissioners Reserves Judgment After Investigations

Ottawa—The Board of Railway Commissioners reserved judgment on the conclusion of its investigation into safety devices for level crossings. Producers of certain types of signals and automatic gates urged the board to accept their product, while the representatives for the railway companies urged that the wig-wag and bell was the best signal so far provided and should be left in use.

The very great importance which is placed on this hearing was indicated by the large number of representatives of various automobile associations, municipal bodies and provincial governments, as well as many experts on behalf of the railways.

## Arranging Trip To Orient

Plan Being Worked Out For Canadian Business Men

Montreal, Que.—A provisional itinerary for a businessmen's trip to the Orient next year, under the auspices of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, has been issued by Dr. John W. Ross, chairman of the executive committee of the chamber. The party will leave Vancouver on October 16, 1930, and will return to Canada on December 13. Dr. Ross stated the chamber was collaborating with the Canadian legation in Tokyo, the Canadian Government trade commissioner in Shanghai, and the Japanese legation at Ottawa is working out the plans for the trip.

## May Appoint Princess Mary

Victoria, B.C.—Intimation that Princess Mary is expected to be appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the 16th Canadian Scottish Regiment at an early date, was given by Col. Cyrus Peck, V.C., in an address here in which he reviewed his recent visit to England to attend the banquet tendered holders of the Victoria Cross.

# Flood Of Selling Creates Another Slump On Wall Street Market

New York. — A sudden flood of selling, striking with terrific impact in the last hour of trading, carried scores of issues on the New York Stock Exchange down \$2 to \$22 a share.

It was the sharpest reaction since November for the market. A few weeks before it actually happened, so that his latest comment on the market, naturally, was a warning of spread uneasiness among investors and speculators alike. However, after a steady rise, which has been reported to have made known their intentions to attack the markets, also was regarded as an important factor.

W. N. U. 1816

## Will Meet At Regina

Saskatchewan City Next Meeting Association

Helena, Mont.—C. A. Davidson, highway commissioner of Alberta, was elected president of the Northwest International Highway Association, and Regina, Sask., was chosen for the next meeting place.

The closing session here of the two-day conference of the organization.

William O. Whipple, secretary of the Canadian Highway Association, was named secretary to succeed H. P. Keith, of Alberta; H. R. McKenna, chief engineer of the Saskatchewan Roads Department, is the retiring president.

## Jelliffe Undergoes Operation

London, England.—An operation has been performed on the upper jaw of Earl J. Jelliffe, former commander of the British grand fleet. All his engagements for the next six weeks have been cancelled. Earl Jelliffe, who became first sea lord after leading the grand fleet in the battle of Jutland, and later was governor-general of New Zealand, is now 70 years of age.

## Recovered 40 Per Cent. Of The Ground Lost In The Break, Was Only A Rally In The Last Hour Of Trading, Carried Scores Of Issues On The New York Stock Exchange Down \$2 To \$22 A Share.

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## World's Armament Bill

No Single Nation Spends As Much For This Purpose As United States

From the London Economist you learn that the world this year is spending \$1,300,000,000 for military establishments. Of this total, the United States spends more than any other single nation. We are first—by no means an enviable record for a country that boasts of its isolation and freedom from entanglements—is with an expenditure of \$575,000,000. England is second with an expenditure of \$375,000,000.

All of Europe spends 60 per cent. of the total; the United States spends 20 per cent. and Japan and the rest of the world spend the remaining 20 per cent. Leadership in armament is at least one place at the top which no nation should wish to hold. With ordinary pensions deducted, the United States is spending twice as much for armament this year as in 1910. Europe, the world's greatest field for war, can show a better record. And it is had enough. The Economist says:

"These figures mean that the European countries other than Germany devote to armaments almost as much in real values, according to the value of the rate in prices, as they did before the war and considerably more than the average for the period from 1908 to 1913. To bring these armaments down to the level obtaining in 1908, there would have to be an average reduction of 30 per cent. from the level of 1925."

Not none of the nations included among the great powers has cause for pride in its armament bill. What will historians in the future say of governments in 1925, or specifically of the government of the United States that spends 80 per cent. of its budget for war?

And how curious it will seem to them that such waste was permitted to continue long after several efficiency experts came into the world—Buffalo Courier-Journal.

## Animal's Keen Instinct

Many Have Intuitive Sense Not Known To Man

Many animals and birds seem to possess an extra intuitive sense not known to man. The saying, "Hats will leave a sinking ship," indicates a strange foreknowledge on the part of these creatures.

Fish, birds, and animals are invariably true weather prophets. Sea-birds know in some curious way when a storm is approaching. Through the weather is fine and the sky gives no warning of a coming storm, they are moved by some common impulse to make their way inland. Wild geese will also fly from the approach of a thunderstorm.

Ants will desert their nests, taking their babies and eggs with them, twenty-four hours before the outbreak of a forest fire.

## The War Profit

The great nations which have signed the Kellogg pact to outlaw war, are, this year, spending \$1,300,000,000 on armaments. But this immense expenditure is not made in preparation for war. It is made from habit, and in response from pressure to keep the armament manufacturers profitably employed and the armies and navies going strong and feeling good.—Toronto Star.

## China Breaking Up Estates

China has broken up the estates of princes in Mongolia by giving \$4,000,000 worth to peasants. The princes who let go peacefully are left with 3,500 roubles worth. If they resist, they are left with 200 roubles worth. If the peasants make good farmers, China will go far more toward peace than toward war.

## Mixed On Scripture

The London Advertiser tells of a man who went to church and learned to his astonishment that Boston and General were not men and not what he had supposed. He must be like that golfing chap who got back to church the other day after a summer-long absence, but was so tired out that he snored right through the sermon. When he came home he told his wife that the text was in the epistle from Dan to Beersheba, but he'd forgotten chapter and verse.

## Turkish Language Declining

English, which a century ago was spoken by twenty million people, now the language of two hundred and twenty millions. The only declining language is Turkish, which has decreased from thirty to twenty-four millions.

W. N. U. 1316

## Ravages Of Arthritis

Causes Untold Misery and Attacks Both Man and Beast

Attacking both man and beast, arthritis is a disease which is half again as many people as tuberculosis, was described by Dr. Laurence H. Meyers of Chicago at the 13th annual meeting of the Radiological Society of North America, as easier to prevent than to cure.

"Where tuberculosis is responsible for suffering of six out of every 100 people, who suffer untold disability," Doctor Meyers said, "chronic arthritis is responsible for nine."

"Chronic infective arthritis," he said, "is the most sinister name for chronic rheumatism. Whether it is the deforming type or the type characterized by swelling, the disease is just the same, differing only in the times involved. The skeletons of a man and animals dead for unknown centuries, show the evidence of the ravages of this disease among them. Chronic arthritis, indeed, if ever, kills, as, as a cause of endless pain and disability, it has no peer among the diseases affecting the human body."

"Chronic arthritis is far more easily prevented," he said, "than it is always prevented by an infection, usually a focus of infection. On this focus is usually successful for surgical removal, and in some cases may be detected by radiographs as in the teeth and necessary surgery. It is not allowed to remain, with its constant presence of poisons into the system, arthritis does not develop."

"Preceding this picture of the disease, known as arthritis, there is usually a history of fatigue, loss of weight, frequent low grade temperature, and again one might say a general break in health. From these symptoms may be detected by a subtle poison being constantly supplied to the body and that the infection is moving on, in its obscure way until the joint and muscle pains develop to clarify the picture."

"The treatment of the joints, as a local course of heat, is a logical procedure. The hope of relief must lie in identification and removal of the focus of infection, discovery by serologic methods of the definite germ causing the disease, since there is a many types of bacteria which may be responsible, and finally the identification of such treatment as will neutralize the toxin, or by stimulating body cells to the production of neutralizing agents."

## France Has Plenty Of Wheat

People Will Be Eating Practically All French Bread

France will be eating practically all French bread. Under new legislation for the assistance of the farmers, Hon. Jean Hennessy, Minister of Agriculture, has fixed the quantity of French flour which is to go into the making of French bread at 97 per cent. This proposition was modified unless there is a shortage in French flour, or if the holders compromise the country's food supply by restricting their offers of flour or demanding exaggerated prices.

The minister's intention is to return to the good pre-war French bread which M. Hennessy describes as "tasty, strengthening, easy to digest and health giving," which, with French wine has contributed to the endowment of our race with its qualities of vigor and endurance."

The prefects are to report in January, February and March on the progress in their respective departments under the new regulations. "Under the law," the minister observes, "I am entitled to control the price of bread." The minister's act on results from the record wheat crop in France. In consequence of heavy supplies, the prices of wheat dropped below the level at which wheat could be profitably grown, according to the farmers. The measures also include an increase in the duty on foreign wheat. The wheat bureau, which will make a special study of markets and of scientific methods of stimulating wheat growing, will also be created.

## A CHARACTER STUDY

Here is shown a recent character study of Premier Mackenzie King as he appeared in an informal pose during his recent visit to the Pacific Coast. The photo was taken while he was a guest at Government House, Victoria, British Columbia.

## WILL VISIT THIS COUNTRY

Norman Angell, M.P., author of 'The Great Illusion,' an adviser to the Labor Government of Great Britain on foreign policy, will visit this country.

English by birth Mr. Angell spent his youth in America as a rancher and cowpuncher. He was later in charge of Paris edition of the London Daily Mail, and is the founder of the Union of Democratic Control.

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## Roads In Banff Park

Nearly Two Hundred Miles Of Excellent Roads Radiate From Mountaineer Resort

Nearly two hundred miles of excellent roads radiate from Banff, Alberta, the Government townsite of Banff National Park. All these roads, with the exception of the Spray Valley Road, are open to motor cars. The Spray Road, reserved for the use of horses and riding parties, is one of the most delightful routes for a gallop in the park. Winding among the pine trees and skirting the Spray River, it affords fine views of Mount Rundle, named after Rev. Robert T. Rundle, an missionary to the Indians of the Northwest from 1840 to 1848. Goat mountain is also seen from this road which is open for seven miles to an old lumber camp.

## Educational Motion Pictures

Nation-Wide Lecture Plan Is Aim Of National Museum

A nation-wide lecture service through the utilization of educational motion pictures is being planned by the National Museum, at Ottawa.

For some years the museum has conducted a course of free lectures for school children and adults on separate days, and it is planned to extend the course over the entire country through the distribution of films.

Already the museum has formed the nucleus of a motion picture library and is lending its own to various libraries and is lending its own to various libraries and is lending its own to various libraries.

Civilization has been the cause of many new diseases, according to one scientist.



Here is shown a recent character study of Premier Mackenzie King as he appeared in an informal pose during his recent visit to the Pacific Coast. The photo was taken while he was a guest at Government House, Victoria, British Columbia.

## Chemistry In Practice

Study Now Closely Associated With Practical Aspects Of Life

Chemistry, in its earlier days regarded as a purely academic study, is now so closely interwoven with the practical side of life that it is being increasingly discussed in terms of industry, economics and human affairs. The world war forced the subject of chemistry on the attention of millions of persons. Of course, all previous use of explosives had been based upon chemical laws, but when dispatches from the war region began to carry reference to chlorine, phosgene, mustard gas and tear gas, the public and not commenced to perceive the existence of a realm of unfamiliar phenomena that was likely to have an important influence on the political destiny of the world.

Fortunately, chemical knowledge has application to the arts of peace in ways that are even more diverse and more extensive than those used in war. In industry and agriculture, chemistry is being applied in a manner that is almost revolutionary. New developments along synthetic lines have opened up new fields of achievement that are staggering in their scope. Prevention of fires is only part of the service of chemical knowledge. Without the protection, fire insurance companies would be subjected to still higher risks than they now face, and to more formidable losses, in spite of high premiums.

## Science Seeks Milder Onion

Trying To Produce Larger Vegetable And Reduce Pungency

A milder onion may be offered to the American public eventually as result of experiments which have been in progress about four years at the Massachusetts Agricultural College Experimental Stations, says a United Press dispatch.

While the main object of the work at present are the development of larger and more profitable onions, the tempering of the vegetable's notoriously strong flavor looms as an ultimate goal.

Experts working under the direction of Professor J. P. Jones are using 67 different strains of onions in connection with their expert tests.

## Reason Enough

An old Scots minister was tireless in visiting the members of his flock. He had not noted the absence from church of one hitherto regular attendant.

"Donald," he said to this man, "I haven't seen ye in the kirk lately."

"No, sir."

"Well, ye ken, I wad like to know the reason."

"Weel," replied Donald, "I ha three decided objections. Firstly, I dinna believe in sae muckle sin'; secondly, I dinna believe in wair' ye ar doin' the kirk; an' thirdly, it was I that I got me in."

## Good Roads In African Congo

Native Chiefs Had Them Made Fit For Speed

An American manufacturer of automobiles cables the news that wonderful highways are being built in the Congo in the centre of Africa, states the St. Paul Pioneer Press. Native chiefs have been presented with handsome gifts of automobiles. They found themselves equipped to travel and no way to go. Their subjects were set to work to building roads. Then competition started. Each chief wanted to be the speed king of the district and the roads in each region had to be made fit for speeding. The result is that a motorist can travel for miles on ultra-modern highways in African Africa and his only danger is in traffic problems with speeding chieftains at the wheel.

## Technical Agriculturists

The Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists, founded in 1920, now has 17 branches and 1,100 members, according to Prof. J. P. Sackville, of animal husbandry in the University of Alberta and president of the Society. Married progress is being made, he said, in the various branches of work undertaken.

## Longest Continuous Trip

What is claimed to be the longest non-stop railway journey ever made has been accomplished in South America, where a Beardmore-Brown electric engine hauled a special train from Buenos Aires to Cipolletti, a distance of 775 miles, in 29 hours 37 minutes.

## A Great Druggist

Two druggists were talking about one of their conferees who had just died.

"He was a great druggist," said one.

"He was," admitted the other. "But don't you think he was a chicken-salad a little too salty?"

Deer Park, near Copenhagen, containing of 4,200 acres, is the largest park in the world.

## Farm Trainees For Canada

Better Selection Will Be Made In 1926

Better methods of training and selection will be predominate factors in the choice of the 1000 quota of British farm trainees for Canada. This announcement was made by the Department of Immigration and Colonization in commenting on a statement of H. H. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal in the MacDonald Labor Government, that 3,000 trainees would be sent to the Dominion next year. The number will represent a reduction of 500 approximately as compared with the trainees who came this year. Each of the trainees who migrate to Canada in 1926, it was learned, must have a minimum of three months' training at one of the farm training centres now in operation in the British Isles. In the course of their training strict attention to the practical essentials of Canadian farm life must have been given to qualify their admission; while there is a determination, it was stated, to get men of the more rugged type accustomed to hard manual labor. Positions for these trainees in Canada will be secured by the Department of Immigration and Colonization.

Dating back to 1926, products of these farming schools have been entering Canada for farm work. In each of the years 1926 and 1927 there have been 1,000 trainees from the Dominion, and this number increased to 1,500 approximately in 1928. This figure, 3,500 in trainees, is the total number of men who will be sent to Canada in 1926, it was stated, were they returned.

## New Use For Generals

Honduras Finds Them Good Horses

Road building as a cure for "revolutionary itch" has been a success this year in Honduras. It has also answered a question as to what the government should do with its huge crop of generals.

Generals, of course, are supposed to be fighters, and when there is no fighting some of them go wild of idleness and sometimes try to stir up a little excitement. So the government decided that work would be a good outlet for these pent up energies.

There were two naval districts and seventeen army districts which 19, but there were plenty left over. Honduras needs roads and the generals are good horses. So the superfluous commanders were detailed to road gangs. The results proved that after spending a day in the hot sun of the lowlands, directing the work of the troops, any general, no matter how much of a general he is, feels inclined to tranquility rather than to starting a fight.

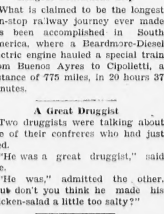
## Another Catch Question

Meat Requires Less Fuel Than Same Quantity Of Fuel

Another catch question recently dealt with in a Department of Agriculture bulletin is, "Which would require the larger pile of fuel to keep it cool, a ten-pound roast of beef or ten pounds of ripe peaches?" The peaches have it, for, as explained, the peaches, as a rule, present a different case. The peaches are living. Physical and chemical changes are in progress. The fruit is ripening. It is taking up oxygen and is liberating carbon dioxide and water formed by the oxidation of its sugars. This chemical process is accompanied by a production of heat, and the heat would melt some ice in the refrigerator which would not be noted if the meat roast were substituted and kept at the same temperature as the peaches.

## Predicts Welshed Highways

Highways made of one single strip of steel welded together and extending from coast to coast were predicted by Bennett Chaplin, addressing the International Acetylene Association in Chicago. He also forecast the making of steel bathroom outlets welded into one unit, including all fixtures, before it left the factory.



There is shown as soon as it leaves off plates may be made in one piece, says Gales, Verdon.

## The Tractor In Farm Work

Many Jobs On Farms Which Can Be Done More Economically With Horses

Before horses are dispensed with in favor of tractors for farm work, it is well to make a careful calculation as to the cost of operating a tractor. In doing this, two main and somewhat distinct items must be considered. These are fixed and overhead cost and direct operating cost. The direct operating charges include fuel, oil and the labor in making the repairs. In order to determine the daily cost of operating the tractor, the total fixed or overhead charges for the year should be divided by the number of days of work the tractor does annually. To this amount must be added the direct operating cost, the fuel, oil, and wages of the operator. It will be seen that if the machine is used for only a few days per year the fixed or overhead charges per day will be very high because these charges do not change with the increasing usage of the machine. The 115 per cent. so far as the repairs are concerned. However, if the tractor is operated a large number of days per year, the daily overhead charge becomes small.

The cost of operating a tractor has been figured out by Dr. R. H. Hopkins, Dominion Field Station, Ottawa, who has carefully gone into the matter during a period of several years. He has found that the tractor, entitled "Cost of Producing Farm Crops in Eastern Canada," it is pointed out that the tractor, which is estimated to cost \$3,500, has a daily operating cost of \$3.69 for a two-horse tractor, and \$10.22 per day for a four-horse tractor.

Dr. Hopkins, performed a considerable amount of custom work over and above that done on the owner's farm. Had no custom been done it would follow that the overhead charges would have been considerably increased.

Dr. Hopkins' bullet includes tables which explain the items which enter into the study. On the question of costs per acre with the use of tractors as compared with horses it is shown that a two-horse tractor not only would have been considerably more than much per day as a two horse team, but does this at one-half the cost per acre. There were two naval districts and seventeen army districts which 19, but there were plenty left over. Honduras needs roads and the generals are good horses. So the superfluous commanders were detailed to road gangs. The results proved that after spending a day in the hot sun of the lowlands, directing the work of the troops, any general, no matter how much of a general he is, feels inclined to tranquility rather than to starting a fight.

## Good Roads In African Congo

Native Chiefs Had Them Made Fit For Speed

An American manufacturer of automobiles cables the news that wonderful highways are being built in the Congo in the centre of Africa, states the St. Paul Pioneer Press. Native chiefs have been presented with handsome gifts of automobiles. They found themselves equipped to travel and no way to go. Their subjects were set to work to building roads. Then competition started. Each chief wanted to be the speed king of the district and the roads in each region had to be made fit for speeding. The result is that a motorist can travel for miles on ultra-modern highways in African Africa and his only danger is in traffic problems with speeding chieftains at the wheel.

## Technical Agriculturists

The Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists, founded in 1920, now has 17 branches and 1,100 members, according to Prof. J. P. Sackville, of animal husbandry in the University of Alberta and president of the Society. Married progress is being made, he said, in the various branches of work undertaken.

## Longest Continuous Trip

What is claimed to be the longest non-stop railway journey ever made has been accomplished in South America, where a Beardmore-Brown electric engine hauled a special train from Buenos Aires to Cipolletti, a distance of 775 miles, in 29 hours 37 minutes.

## A Great Druggist

Two druggists were talking about one of their conferees who had just died.

"He was a great druggist," said one.

"He was," admitted the other. "But don't you think he was a chicken-salad a little too salty?"

Deer Park, near Copenhagen, containing of 4,200 acres, is the largest park in the world.



## Grows Championship Wheat In a District Supposed To Be Unsuitable For Farming

To win the world's championship for hard spring wheat is no small achievement in these days of world champion growers, but to grow wheat in a district that was supposed to be unsuitable for wheat growing, a district that people years ago left as impossible is a feat that has not been duplicated since world championships for wheat were first established. Yet such is the experience of J. H. B. Smith, a farmer living at Wolf Creek, east of Edson, on the main line of the Canadian National Railway.

The experience of Mr. Smith is in many respects similar to that of other men who have brought this coveted honor to western Canada. Coming from Leicester, England, in 1907, he engaged in several pursuits before he took up a homestead in the Wolf Creek district, in 1913, when the country was just opening up. While farming was not his preference, he soon began to show signs of a successful exhibitor. The following year he took three first prizes at the Edson county fair for hard spring wheat and potatoes. In 1915 he sent his first exhibit to Edmonton and won second place for wheat, but it was not until 1920 that he began to tackle the world's champion wheat. With his first attempt he took 15th place for wheat. In 1921, he took 17th place for Marquis wheat and he has shown every year since 1920, with the exception of one year when his crop was killed out.

Besides the exhibits he has been sending to Chicago he has been found among the list of successful exhibitors at Canadian fairs for years, and he has been gradually climbing up to one of the most consistent growers in the province. Some years ago Mr. Smith began to lose faith in Marquis wheat, and in spite of opposition he pinned his faith to the new Rexona wheat, which he claimed would eventually be the champion wheat to him. He has stuck fast to this faith, tending his plots with painstaking care, and a year his labors were rewarded with such a fine sample that for the first time he felt satisfied to send it to Chicago, declaring as he did so, that the wheat that would beat it had not been grown.

### Floor Of Atlantic Shiffs

Earthquake Along Eastern Coast Of  
November 18 Causes Submarine  
Uplift

That the bed of the North Atlantic was raised as a result of the earthquake of November 18, was indicated at Halifax in reports from cable ships assigned to the task of repairing the submerged breaks. Soundings showed that the floor of the ocean had been moved and that fishing banks had as a result of the earthquake.

Breaks in the cables connecting the old world with the new have been plotted over an area 400 miles southeast and 200 miles northeast of Halifax. In some cases several breaks occurred in the same cable over a distance of 100 miles.

### World's Smallest Engine

Among the exhibits at the recent Model Eng'ng show's exhibition in London, England, was a horizontal engine so small that it is almost impossible to see the working parts in motion without a magnifying glass. It is only a quarter of an inch long and is worked by compressed air. A hair from the head of the wife of the model-maker forms the driving belt.

### Trees In Waterton Lakes Park

The alpine larch, one of the most beautiful of mountain trees, gives a special grace to many a high pass in Waterton Lakes National Park, Alberta. This tree grows in the last belt approaching timber line. The other principal trees in this Dominion park are poplar, lodgepole pine, white-barked pine, Douglas fir, alpine fir, and Engelmann spruce.



"What is this overtime you are making?"  
"The evening you invited me to dine with you."—Wahne Jago, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1318

## SWINE CLUB CHAMPIONS OF CANADA



Two brothers, Lindsey and Gordon Weir, of Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, who won the Dominion Championship, in swine club work at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, recently. The two boys are shown with W. D. Robb, Vice-President of the Canadian National Railway, who donated for annual competition the Robb Trophy, which carries with it the Dominion Championship. For the second year this trophy goes to Prince Albert; last year two girls from this district received the honor.

### Alberta-Saskatchewan Boundary

Follows Straight Line For Nearly  
700 Miles and Is Longest Sur-

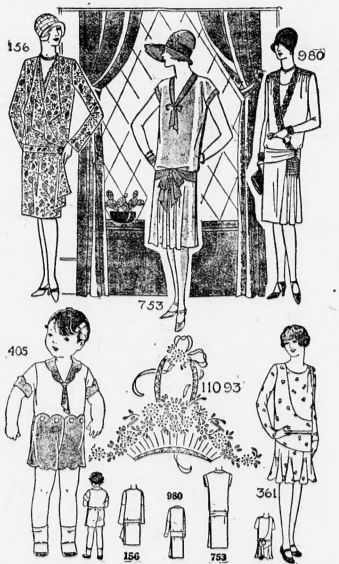
The boundary between Alberta and Saskatchewan is the fourth meridian of the Dominion Lands survey system, which crosses approximately with the 110th meridian of west longitude and under instructions from the Survey General, Department of the Interior, has been surveyed from the International Boundary north to Lake Athabasca, a distance in a straight line of nearly seven hundred miles, constituting one of the longest surveyed straight lines in the world.

### Amenities In Politics

Kind Words Of Mr. Hon. Stanley  
Baldwin To Premier MacDonald

The British cabinet on Wednesday, the Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Conservative leader, congratulated Premier MacDonald on his visit to the United States and said that he himself had desired to visit the republic as prime minister.

## FASHION



No. 753 — Particularly Pleasing. This style is designed in sizes 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 yards of 40-inch material with 1/2 yard of 27-inch material for separate vest. No. 880—Red Tulle. This style is designed in sizes 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 40-inch material with 1/2 yard of 27-inch material for separate vest. No. 405—It's Confy and Smart. This style is designed in sizes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Emb. No. 11093—Flower Basket and Pattern. Pattern contains two right and two left, 7 inches high by 9 inches wide, two rights and two lefts, 11 inches long, 11 inches and ten lefts 1 1/2 inches long (blue). All pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin care.

### How To Order Patterns

Address—Winthrop Newspaper Office,  
315 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. \_\_\_\_\_ Size \_\_\_\_\_  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_  
State \_\_\_\_\_  
Zip \_\_\_\_\_

## Canadian Emigration To U. S. Is Slowing Down and Tide Appears To Have Turned

### Sunflower Silage Good

For Young Sheep

Proves Better Food Than Mixture Of  
Oats, Peas and Vetches

Silage from sunflowers proved a better succulent food than silage made from a mixture of oats, peas and vetches, for the wintering of young sheep at the Northern Ontario Experimental Station. For six years feeding tests were carried on during the winter months with lambs born the previous spring. The ration of other foods was exactly the same for thirty-day periods each year. During the first five years of the test the ration given to each lamb consisted of silage, one pound, clover hay, two pounds, and grain one-half pound per day. In 1928, however, the amount of silage fed was determined by the percentage of dry matter which it contained. The oats, peas and vetches silage, having been found to contain less moisture, was afterwards fed at the rate of a pound per day, while the sunflower silage was fed at the rate of one and one-half pounds per day for each lamb. The grain mixture used was composed of whole oats three parts, bran one part by weight, plus five per cent of oil cake. The average daily gain made over the thirty-day period amounted to 23 of a pound by those fed on sunflower silage, and 18 pounds by those receiving the oats, peas and vetches silage. The feed cost to produce one hundred pounds of gain also showed the sunflower silage to be the better feed, as the cost per one hundred pounds of gain was \$1.44 for the sunflower feed, and \$1.58 for the others. The experiment is described and the results given in the report of the superintendent of the experimental station at Kapuskasing, Ontario, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa.

Wholesale movement of the eleventh and most enterprising of Canada's sons to the United States, attracted by the glamour of riches in the larger American cities has dropped considerably.

Correspondingly the influx of Americans into Canada has increased, and leaders of both countries are considering the significance of the change. Wesley Frost, United States consul-general at Montreal, states in commenting on the change:

"Canadian emigration has slowed down of its own accord, and the tide appears definitely to have turned. Our consular records confirm this since a large share of Europeans in Canada on our visa waiting lists, are now declining the opportunity to visit the United States, when their turns are reached."

"Canada's development will certainly be now for a time more rapid than that of the United States and the balance of migration will in all probability swing strongly into Canada's favor, and many of them do, will enhance mutual comprehension between the two people."

### New Human Disease

Caught From Rabbit

Wear Rubber Gloves When Dressing  
Rabbit Rabbits

Never eat a rabbit that you are killing with a club, for it is probably sick, advises Dr. C. R. Ruhland, Commissioner of Health, in a statement issued at Syracuse, N.Y. recently. And Tularemia, the disease that slows down the rabbit, can kill the hunter, for, according to American statistics, out of 420 cases, 17 have ended fatally. Thus the mortality is about 4 per cent. Generally the infection comes from dressing the animal, the germ entering the human hand through an abrasion, at the point which an ulcer is raised. The onset of the disease is sudden, often occurring while the patient is at work, and characterized by headache, nausea, chills, excessive perspiration, body pains, prostration and fever. The latter symptom is always present and continues for two or three weeks.

Tularemia, so named because it was discovered in a ground squirrel near Tulare County, California, is caused by a germ, *Bacterium Tularensis*. Cases of the disease among humans have been found in all parts of the States, excepting New England. Rabbits meet thoroughly cooked, however, is harmless since a temperature of 153 degrees Fahrenheit kills the *Tularemia* germs.

### Crossing Fence Posts

Fence Posts Of Poplar Properly  
Treated, Last For Years

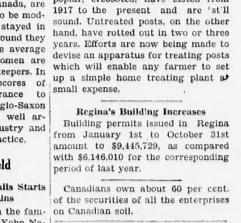
At the Dominion forest nursery, maintained by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, fence-posts of poplar, crosscut, have lasted from 1917 to the present and are still sound. Untreated posts, on the other hand, have rotted out in two or three years. Efforts are now being made to devise an apparatus for treating posts which will enable any farmer to set up a simple home treating plant of small expense.

### Regina's Building Increases

Building permits issued in Regina  
from January 31st to October 31st

amount to \$1,415,729, as compared with \$1,416,000 for the corresponding period of last year.

Canadians own about 60 per cent. of the securities of all the enterprises in Canadian soil.



"These anabestos socks are good for cold feet. They are the worst conductors of heat we have."  
Never! "None! Give me the best."—Nagels Lustige Welt, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1318

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Canadian Privy Council will more than likely discuss British Columbia's freight rates appeal on January 25.

J. W. Collins, secretary of the Department of Industry and Commerce, has been appointed New Zealand trade commissioner in Canada.

The Canadian Government has under consideration the establishment of several additional steamship services for the promotion of Canadian trade abroad.

The Washington foreign service buildings commission has allotted \$1,000,000 for the purchase of land and construction of a new legation and office buildings at Ottawa.

Oriental immigration into British Columbia in 1925 was 573, exactly the same number as in the previous year. The provincial immigration bureau announced the curious coincidence.

The British Government may extend the farm workers' plan. J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal in the MacDonald Government, said when announcing that Canada had agreed to take 1,000 men next year.

Dr. Augusta Stowe Gullen, Toronto, first woman physician to graduate from a Canadian university, was honored recently by the medical alumni of the University of Toronto, who presented her portrait in oils to the Academy of Medicine.

Hugh Morrison, of Edmonton, 21-year-old son of the late Judge Morrison, of the Alberta district court, and Mrs. Morrison, has been named winner of the Rhodes scholar for 1929. He was chosen from a list of four candidates.

### To Cut Air Mail Schedule

**Feasibility Of Pick-Up Device Proved By Tests**

An air mail pick-up device, capable of receiving and discharging mail sacks while an airplane is in full flight, may cut existing air mail delivery fifteen minutes to an hour, according to the American Air Transport Association, which says that tests of the device already made promise its future adoption on many of the country's twenty-four air mail routes.

The tests being made at Youngstown, O., have proved the feasibility of catching a small bag of mail as it swings on the end of a 75 foot cable attached to a plane in full flight. The device consists of a V-shaped trap, built in the ground. As the mail bag from the plane is caught in the trap, the device automatically attaches another bag, which is hauled up into the plane. Similar tests are being carried out in the receiving and discharging of mail at sea, on the R.S. Leviathan.

The theory which postal officials, air mail operators and the inventor are working on, is that an air mail plane can leave an airport, swoop down on the pick-up device, haul the mail to a similar device near the post office in the city at the other end of the line, and then go on to that city's airport.

**Canada's Forest Areas**

The total forest area of Canada, including the 82,269 square miles of forest on agricultural land, is estimated to be 1,151,454 square miles, and of this about 1,100,000 square miles is essentially forest land which can be utilized to the best advantage under forest.

**Manitoba Tourist Industry**

According to the latest figures Manitoba's tourist industry brought about \$5,667,000 into the province, or an increase of about \$1,000,000 over last year's figures. Convention visitors numbered 37,000, a gain of 8,500 over 1928.

While men have greater muscular strength than women, they have less vital stamina.



"When we were engaged you used to buy chocolates every time we went out."

"Yes and I used to buy hangers every time to get the grass stains off my trousers."—PAGES GAIES, Yverdon.

W. N. U. 1816

### Telephones To Ship At Sea

**Can Communicate By Phone With Liners a Thousand Miles From Shore**

Communication by telephone from the mainland with ships at sea became a permanent, commercial project with the inauguration of service between New York and the liner Leviathan, 200 miles off shore, bound for Europe.

President Walter Gifford, of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, formally opened the service by "ringing up" Captain Cunningham of the Leviathan.

The first actual commercial message to be delivered to the Leviathan by telephone came from Atlantic City, where, in his hotel room, William H. Rankin, advertising man, chatted for five minutes with Sir Thomas L. Parsons, a passenger. Rankin is the first man to pay money for such a privilege.

The service was perfect, Rankin said. The noted yachtsman informed the advertising man that he will return to America next June, hoping to win America's Cup with the Shamrock V.

Telephone Company officials said communication with ocean liners will remain good until the vessel is beyond 1,000 miles from shore. The flat rate for a three-minute conversation between New York and the Leviathan is \$2, with an additional \$7 for each additional minute.

### Pedestrians Wear Lights

**Safety First Measure Is Adopted In The Streets Of London**

In late drivers of automobiles soon will be yelling "Lights!" at pedestrians, if a growing custom becomes universal. Traffic has become so congested in London, that wary pedestrians are rigging themselves with lights to warn motorists of their presence in the city streets. One type of vest consists of an electric light and reflector mounted on a luminous card worn on the back, and suspended from the shoulders by a cord.

### Canada's Highways Important

The highways in Canada are becoming what is called "lightning" at pedestrians. The highways in Canada are becoming what is called "lightning" at pedestrians. The highways in Canada are becoming what is called "lightning" at pedestrians.

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### X-Ray Can Be Measured

**To Determine Combined Effect Of Quantity and Quality**

"X-rays may be measured as accurately as the pharmacist measures drugs in the drug store," said Dr. A. Mitchell, of New York, in a paper before the convention of the radiological society of North America, held recently in Toronto. "In modern medicine the greatest forward step was made when methods became known to weigh accurately a given drug and then also when its physiological strength could be determined. The importance of these two determinations arises out of the fact that of drugs not only the quantity must be known, but also their power of effectiveness. The same holds true with regard to X-rays, for the measure of their effect depends neither upon their quantity or quality alone but on the combined measure of both."

### Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

#### MINCEMEAT DELICIOUS

- 4 lemons.
- 2 apples.
- 1 cup currants.
- $\frac{1}{2}$  cup raisins.
- $\frac{1}{2}$  cup chopped nuts.
- $\frac{1}{2}$  cup melted butter.
- 2 cups sugar.
- 1 teaspoon salt.
- 1 teaspoon ground cinnamon.
- 1 teaspoon ground nutmeg.
- 1 teaspoon ground cloves.
- 1 teaspoon ground ginger.
- 1 teaspoon ground allspice.

Squeeze juice from lemons and cook until soft. Put through meat-chopper and then rub through a sieve. Add chopped apples and remaining ingredients, mix well and store in jars. Use as a filling for tuncovers and pies.

#### HOLIDAY LUNCHEON DISH

- 1 box sardines.
  - 1 lemon.
  - 1 bunch radishes.
  - Parley or watercress.
- Remove cover neatly and entirely from a box of sardines. Place on a platter, and surround with wreath of parley or cress. Cut radishes in the shape of flowers, and arrange in the parley. Cut lemons in halves, crosswise, and then cut in deep points. Arrange at ends and sides of platter, in the parley. Serve very cold.

**Fruit Men Study Conditions**

Representative fruit men of British Columbia have gone to the Prairies to watch the handling of their crop and learn the attitude of the consumers and the retail trade.

The gathering was entertained by the Eversley Dance Band, which is heard regularly through the Commercial Union, Toronto.

The sound of a bell which can be heard 45,200 feet through the water, can be heard through the air only 456 feet.

Among some Indian tribes it is improper for a mother-in-law to speak to her daughter's husband.

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### A Record for Safety

**Big Eastern Concern Operates Plant For Two Consecutive Years Without Lost-Time Accidents**

The great campaign for the prevention of accidents and the safeguarding of human life that is being carried on by the Canadian National Railway Company, Limited, and the press of the country has many tangible results that are decidedly encouraging to the sponsors of the safety movement.

Last week one of the large industrial concerns of Canada celebrated a full year of freedom from lost-time accidents, by giving a banquet to their more than 400 employees. This company, the Canadian National Railway Company, Limited, whose head office and plant is located in Toronto, has devoted a great deal of time to educating their employees to the importance of working safely, and the Safety Committee is constantly devising guards for the machines, re-arranging the tables of working hours and directing the process of manufacture so that each employee can work to the limit of his or her power, with the knowledge that they are safe from accidents that might cause loss of time and injury and reduce their earning capacity.

To make safety more impressive, the Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation presents to each plant which operates for a full year without a lost-time accident a handsome bronze shield. For each succeeding year the record is maintained, and a bronze bar is added to the shield. It was to celebrate the second year in which this Canadian plant operated without a lost-time accident and earned the bronze bar that the Company gave their employees the banquet in the hands of the company's equipped cafeteria which is a part of the plant.

Because the hundreds of employees who attended the banquet, a number of distinguished guests were present and attended the gathering. These included Mr. R. B. Marley, general manager, Ontario Industrial Accident Prevention Association; Mr. P. Moran, head of Industrial Service Department, National Carbon Industrial Works, Niagara Falls, N.Y.; Mr. Moran, general manager, Dominion Oxygen Company, Limited, Toronto; Mr. W. H. Winans, head of Industrial Relations Department, Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation, New York; Mr. H. E. Pollock, assistant general sales manager, Canadian National Carbon Company, Limited, Toronto; Mr. W. B. Price, assistant works manager, National Carbon Co., Limited, Cleveland, Ohio.

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### Left Valuable Information

**Modern Astronomers, Surprised At Records Collected By Early Indian Ruler**

There lived in India, in the seventh century, a ruler known as Maharaja Jal Singh II, and being keenly interested in astronomy he evolved a series of structures which, though not now used for practical purposes, constitute the most unique astronomical instruments in existence. He appears to have collected all kinds of astronomical books, and sent some workers to foreign countries to gather information. Having determined the kind of instruments required on which to make the necessary recording of the movements of the heavenly bodies, he selected five places in India as the centres in which the observations should be taken. The first he built at Delhi, and then others in Jaipur, Ujjain, Benares and Mathura. The observatories in Delhi and Jaipur have been carefully restored. In addition to a number of metal instruments he erected large masonry instruments some of them as high as 60 feet. Very accurate records were made of the observations of his staff of astronomers, and modern astronomers have expressed surprise at the valuable information furnished by the ruler's observatories. In 1743, and his wives, concubines and science expired with him on his funeral pyre.

### Great Water Wars

**Scottish Town Seeks To Be Thriftiest In British Isles**

Have you any idea how much water the average city dweller uses daily? Take London, with its giant population. Here the authorities have just supplied an area of 558 square miles, and give the seven million people the water they need. Would you have imagined that each of these demands no less than 36 gallons every day? Yet that is only the average supply per head per day. In the dry, hot weather the amount required for each person becomes 40 gallons, or more than a barrel of water per day for each man, woman, and child. London is not the thirstiest town. Scotland consumes more water than England. In Glasgow and Edinburgh, for instance, the average consumption per head is 36, but 37 gallons; and in Humberston, in Durhamshire, it is 40 gallons per head. The longest the distinction being the most thirsty town in the whole of the British Isles. Here they use 51 gallons per head. One reason given for Scotland's large consumption is that the water supply is much better than in England.

They laughed when he stepped to the platform. "A few months ago I couldn't play a note," he began.

"No," exclaimed his eager shipmates.

"None," replied the sailor, "and I can't now either."

Although Egypt was at one time centre of culture and civilization, today only one native in ten can read and write.

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### Contesting Canada's Claim

**Must Occupy Arctic Before Ownership Is Proved, Says Norwegian Premier**

Canada's position with regard to ownership to the Arctic archipelago is unaltered from the claim referred to in June, 1923, by Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior. It was made known in the Government circles at Ottawa. News despatches from London had intimated that Premier Mowat of Norway, committed the right of this country to mark out sectors of the Arctic as possessions in which Canada's interests were paramount. The Norwegian premier asserted in a speech at Bergen that Norway adhered to the view that territory could be claimed only when it had actually been occupied, and that since Canada had not occupied the Arctic, the country's interests in unoccupied territory could not be admitted.

That the opinions of Premier Mowat, who is expected to visit the Arctic, will not affect the right which Canada claims to the Arctic islands north of the Canadian mainland, at longitude 60 and longitude 141, was flatly asserted by Government officials. Several statements had been made in the past to disprove Canada's ownership of that archipelago, but recognition was now general, and Norway apparently had no objection that was still contesting it.

### Was Out Of Place

**Use Of Old Formula Upset Decorum Of British House**

The decorum of the British House of Commons was upset the other day by a members use of time-honored formula which proved, in this instance, quite out of place under modern conditions. Miss Margaret Bondfield, Minister of Labor, gave an answer which did not satisfy Sir Frederick Hall, Conservative.

"May I press the Right Honorable Lady," began Sir Frederick, who was interrupted by uproarious shouts of "No!" Sir Frederick apologized and reframed his query.

### Heavy Land Sales

**C.P.R. Disposes Of 111,892 Acres In Saskatchewan**

Sales by the land department of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the 11 months of 1929, in Saskatchewan, Canada, have amounted to figures released by officials of the company at Saskatoon. This acreage was purchased by 427 settlers. The large majority of land purchases were in the northern part of the province.

A further feature of the sales was in fact that practically all the farms purchased were acquired by new settlers.

Greenland is practically covered with a blanket of solid ice more than a thousand feet thick.

## WINDOLITE

The Improved Glass Substitute

MADE IN ENGLAND

COMES WITH A MESSAGE OF HEALTH

**THE sun is the all-powerful life producer. Nature's universal disinfectant and germ destroyer, as well as stimulant and tonic. WINDOLITE is the sun's most important ally.**

Medical research has definitely proved that from the point of view of Health and Hygiene, the most effective among the sun's rays are the Ultra-Violet rays, which possess the greatest power for the prevention and cure of disease and debility.

Science has further established that ordinary window glass does not allow the passage of Ultra-Violet rays, so that by using glass we are artificially excluding these vital health-giving rays.

Therefore, the invention of WINDOLITE has completely satisfied the demand which has long existed. Experiments have conclusively proved that it is a most effective medium which not only freely admits the Ultra-Violet rays, and that its use has a most beneficial effect on the growth and development of plants and chickens and on the well-being of cattle, enabled for the first time to have bright light indoors, of darkness in their sheds.

Indeed, the discovery of WINDOLITE has done, plant covering and greenhouse. It keeps out cold—will not crack or chip—cuts with an ordinary pair of tin snips and is easy to fit. WINDOLITE is supplied in rolls any length but in one width of 36 inches only. A square yard of glass of ordinary thickness, weighs about 135 to 140 lbs. The improved WINDOLITE weighs only 135 lbs. WINDOLITE is made in England.

**Price \$1.50 Per Square Yard, f.o.b., Toronto.**

Use WINDOLITE and let **YOUR PLANTS YOUR CHICKENS YOUR CATTLE** Bask in 100 % Sunlight Send for booklet "WINDOLITE"

WINDOLITE stands for 100 per cent. sunlight. It makes light for greenhouses for cattle sheds, dairy stables, poultry houses, brooders and all out buildings. It is essential, indispensable and easy to fit. It is now being successfully used for sunrooms, verandas, schools, factories, hospitals, sanitariums, homes, and all other buildings. It keeps out cold—will not crack or chip—cuts with an ordinary pair of tin snips and is easy to fit. WINDOLITE is supplied in rolls any length but in one width of 36 inches only. A square yard of glass of ordinary thickness, weighs about 135 to 140 lbs. The improved WINDOLITE weighs only 135 lbs. WINDOLITE is made in England.

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### SANTA IS HERE WITH DOLLY'S WARDROBE

With his pack on his back, ready to bring joy and happiness to good little girls, he is bringing a complete wardrobe for Dolly, one of the most attractive girls of the season. What a real surprise for daughter, to make a "sister outfit" just from rompers, for each little garment, perfect in every detail takes so little material to make it. The combination waist and drawers and slip are made of chambray or striped tulle. Style No. 856 is designed for dolls of 18, 20, 22, and 24 inches in length.

All patterns 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

**How To Order Patterns**

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## Core throats need this Double-Treatment

**RUBBED on the throat, Vicks relieves in two direct ways:**

(1) Its vapors, released by the body heat, are inhaled direct to the air passages; and

(2) At the same time Vicks "draws out" the soreness like an old-fashioned poultice.

**2 ways at once**  
**VICKS VAPORUB**  
**OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY**

## The Singing Fool

By HUBERT DAIL  
Copyright, 1928, Warner Bros.

### SYNOPSIS

Al Stone, singing star at Blackie Joe's New York night club, is loved by Grace Farrell, the cigarette girl. But he doesn't know it. His mistress Molly Vernon, a ballad singer, and his manager Sam, who is a comedian, are with him. When their baby, Junior, is some two years old, Grace, who is with John Perry, Al's best friend, she and Perry take the child Al adores and go to France. Al, broken by the loss, becomes a derelict. Months later he drifts into the club one night, where Grace Farrell, who still loves him, shamelessly tells him to stage a come-back. They leave the club together shortly after dawn, but as they reach the street Al staggers.

### CHAPTER XXVI

"What's the matter?" Grace asked anxiously.

"It's just the effect of coming suddenly into the sunlight after I had been in the dark for so long. I'm not quite sure of myself and my directions. And I look so terrible downed out in this bright daylight."

It was true. Al's appearance was painfully needy, but Grace dismissed that.

"We'll soon fix everything," she said confidently. "And Al—"

"Yes. I'm to help you, you must give me your full confidence. I'll take you're living and promise not to run away again."

"I will, Grace," Al answered earnestly. In the tone of a child who trusts desperately to make a good impression. "I'll promise."

Grace smiled in reply to her attempt to appear a trifle stern.

"Well, then, come along."

They stroiled along the sunlit streets, with Grace occasionally sending a happy glance up into Al's face, she could not help but realize how their positions were reversed from the time when she had first known him. Then she had been a frightened little girl, and big, generous, had protected her from the rowdy customers at Blackie's place. Now she was almost leading that same man as if he were a child, protecting him and encouraging him constantly. Her heart was about to burst with love and joy.

"Where do you live?" she asked.

"It's over there," said Al, vaguely indicating the East Side. "You know," he paused irresolutely. "I hate for you to walk over there. It's such a dump. Just a rickety, cheap hotel—almost like a flop house."

"That doesn't matter to me," said Grace quickly, but if you'd rather go home alone, all right. Only don't think I care about you. I care about you, you live, or anything like that. I just care about you."

There was no mistaking the look in Grace's eyes. Al realized at that moment that she loved him. Yet he marvelled at it—how could she love a down-and-outer like him? He felt a rapid throb under his dilapidated face, an emotion he had not known for a long time. He wanted to put his arms about her and tell her how much she meant to him, but he held back.

## RAW FURS WANTED

We will pay for the following:  
REDFOX, \$10.00  
MINK, \$20.00  
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SEND for catalogue  
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## DATENTS

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back. This was neither the time nor the place.

"Before you go home," suggested Grace, "stop over to the Square with me. I live near there. We can sit on a bench and talk for a while. It will be good for you."

Al nodded. Presently they emerged from the canyons of streets to the wide green expanse of Washington Square.

"See how beautiful it is," said Grace. "I thought it would make you feel better. The leaves are turning red and yellow. And see how nice the green bushes look passing under the trees. Here, we'll try this bench."

They sat down and relaxed, his eyes half closed. The autumnal morning sunlight slanted down from between two skyscrapers, spreading fan-shapes across the level expanse and lighting the white arch. Italian sun children played on the north side, while in the northern part of the Square the children of the rich toddled about, under the watchful eyes of nurses.

"You say you live near here?" Al asked finally.

"Yes, just around the corner on Waverley Place. I have a room."

"Some hint of Grace's rather bleak and lonely life was borne home to Al in that one sentence."

"It was a room," she had a room, but like thousands of other girls in the metropolis, she had no real home, no family, no warm much but dreams. Yet she lived so bravely and without murmuring, thought Al, while he—"The sentence rendered unaltered."

"Grace, you're the most wonderful girl in the world. I know it at last. We'll talk a great deal more about it later. You must go home and get some sleep. I'll go away and—I'll see you tonight at Blackie's."

Grace stood before him, eyes glowing. "Thank you, Al," she whispered. She felt her hand seized. Suddenly she felt the room was hers. She must go home and get some sleep. I'll go away and—I'll see you tonight at Blackie's."

"Bye, little one, it's I who should do the thinking... You'll see me tonight and, if clothes can make a difference, I'll wear a different pattern. You just won't know Al Stone in his girl's garments. And later—"

As she watched him, she saw that he had a room over there—the white one."

"Yes."

"That will be my address tomorrow. Then we'll be near each other and I can walk home with you every morning from Blackie's place."

Blackie's! The room's letter to try with his show if he'll give me a job."

Al was walking away, with Grace trailing after him. He strode fast, but briskly now and when he reached the edge of the Square he turned to wave good-bye to the latest little figure.

A moment later Grace waited after he had disappeared, then she turned the other way toward her own home.

Al had over-estimated his strength. He kept up at that rapid pace. He managed until he reached his hotel bedroom, then he sat down on the side of the bed, resting on physical collapse. The room's dignified and the feeling communicated of the life he had been leading, brought a sudden sense of depression. But he fought it off, rose and began pacing up and down.

"I won't be liked," he felt himself sharply. "I'll show that little girl down after all she's done for me—never!"

He quickly opened a bureau drawer, took out a sock and drew it over a roll of bills. The bills were quickly stuffed into his coat pocket, then he ran from the room as if escaping from a scene of pestilence.

An hour later he entered a man's haberdashery. He was shaven and his hair was trimmed. A clerk looked at him suspiciously, but finally decided to approach.

"I want some clothes. Shirts, ties, socks, shoes, suits—the whole thing."

"Yes?" The clerk's nose rose a trifle higher.

"It's all right," said Al, and added simply, "I have the money."

"I want out his roll of bills the clerk's eyes bulged."

"I drew the best you've got—no and suppose we start on a blue serge suit. I always like a blue serge suit."

He wanted some tweeds and some evening clothes."

The clerk saw a big commission ahead and stepped lively to supply Al's wants. But he couldn't help wondering if this man had stolen the money, or if some rich relative had suddenly died and left him a fortune. As they went from counter to counter, Al's appearance at his new home appeared left him; he even began to take a keen delight in the wonder he excited among the clerks and waiters at Blackie's club.

Grace had gone home to sleep as Al suggested. It was sleep broken by Al's dreams during the night. He seemed to be floating gently under a clear blue sky. When he awoke it was afternoon. Soon she was hurrying down Blackie's club.

"Now it was well on toward midnight and Al was not appeared. He had been over her accounts and checked the waiters as they passed by."

her. Was Al going to fall her; would he prove too weak to make the come-back, after all her efforts? She drew the thought resolutely from her.

## Child Slavery in China

Authorities Find It Very Difficult To Deal With Situation

In connection with the introduction of a bill into the Hong Kong legislature for the abolition of the "coolie" system, whereby little girls are sold into domestic slavery, it was said recently that the system could not be done away with by legislation, but required the education of public opinion.

In effect this was the explanation of the failure of the British Government to wipe out this blot. Forty years ago Lord Kimberley, then Governor of the colony, found that while by law there was no slavery, in practice it existed. From that time, however, have been constant proclamations making the purchase of children between the ages of four and

The obvious evasion was that by religion and tradition it was customary to have children as the companions of the wealthy or even as servants. Certain money passed, but that was only as a form of compensation.

In some ways, it was argued, the children were better off with their new owners as they often came from poor homes and were sold for a small sum. It is commonly held that these children were, and still are, treated with cruelty, made to serve as drudges, and even employed for worse purposes.

## Big Project Being Planned

Engineers Discuss Reclaiming Vast Section Of Submerged Europe

A project for reclaiming a vast section of Europe's children is being discussed by engineers. It would involve some 500,000 miles long and is being discussed by engineers. It would involve some 500,000 miles long and is being discussed by engineers.

Technically the plan is feasible, say the engineers. They do not, however, attempt to forecast how the political problem of dividing the land among England, Belgium, Holland, Denmark and Germany would be solved.

The project contemplates a huge dam some 500 miles long from Dover to Spurn Head, England, to the northern end of Denmark, and another dam across the English Channel from Dover to Calais. It is figured that the main dam would rest upon a former mountain chain which is now from 25 to 45 feet below sea level.

Back of the barriers would be land covered by an average of 50 feet of water. The schemers say that draining this water would be comparatively easy.

The project would be a great stretch of land which formerly connected England with the continent and which is believed to be rich in agricultural and mineral possibilities.

## Anticipated Modern Science

Cure For Paralysis Known To South African Witch Doctors

One of the strongest unguis in the world is that of South African witch doctors. They have a cure for paralysis known to South African witch doctors.

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MADE BY THE BAKERS OF

CHRISTIE'S PLUM PUDDING

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## Christies Christmas CAKES and PUDDINGS

The most reasonable offerings for your family or guests. The very embodiment of old English cheer.

## Christie's Biscuits

The Standard of Quality Since 1853

### Thousands Year Old

Zipper Supposed To Be Modern Invention Used By Vikings

It is alleged that the zipper is 1,000 years old, and the Vikings had already invented a "zipper." These interesting facts, together with many others of great scientific importance, have been established through the discovery near "Tilast, East Prussia, of a great Viking burial place dating from the ninth, tenth and eleventh centuries. Thus far, eighty graves have been opened, and these are but a small part of the total. The graves are unusually rich. Each man's grave contains three of four iron swords, many a dozen lance heads and knives, bronze belt buckles, stirrups and saddles. The women's graves also contain brooches, brooches, necklaces, cleverly worked brooches and headbands. In one of these graves a young woman with bobbed hair was found, as was a young man in the Prussia Museum, in Königsberg.

Buttons or pins to secure garments. In fact they are like having a doctor in the house. They are a great help to the doctor who is called upon to treat the patient who is suffering from the stomach and regulate the bowels, thus driving out constipation and indigestion and relieving the baby of the many childhood ailments which are due to constipation and indigestion. The doctor who is called upon to treat the patient who is suffering from the stomach and regulate the bowels, thus driving out constipation and indigestion and relieving the baby of the many childhood ailments which are due to constipation and indigestion.

When the first symptoms appear—stomach, indigestion, constipation, running nose—Baby's Own Tablets should be given at once. They will rapidly bring up the cold and prevent more serious complications.

Mother who keeps a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the home always feels that in any emergency she has a doctor in the house. They are a great help to the doctor who is called upon to treat the patient who is suffering from the stomach and regulate the bowels, thus driving out constipation and indigestion and relieving the baby of the many childhood ailments which are due to constipation and indigestion.

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## THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of  
the Province of AlbertaSubscription price \$2.00 per  
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or Great Britain

\$2.50 to the United States

S. S. Weston Proprietor

Thursday, Jan. 23, 1930

Mrs. D. McNaughton, is visit-  
ing in Calgary this week.Miss Ouellet Barnett, returned  
to her home in Calgary, on  
Tuesday morning.A "Singles" competition sched-  
uled to be commenced on Mon-  
day of this week by the Carling  
Club.M. G. Boyd and daughter,  
Miss A. K. McNeill, left on Sat-  
urday morning's train on their  
journey to Calgary.Thursday of last week was  
one of the "craziest" days, when  
the experienced over a long  
time. The thermometer regis-  
tered around the 40 below mark  
and a south-west wind blew  
strongly throughout the day.J. N. Anderson left this  
morning for Kinsler, and  
will attend the trial of two  
men who are alleged to have  
robbed a store of his sometime  
previously. He will proceed  
from Kinsler to Winnipeg,  
where he will attend the Lum-  
berman's Convention.

## Don't Overdo It

Julius Rosenwald, in an ad-  
dress in Chicago, advocated  
short hours and long vacations.

## Here and There

(423)

"Say it with apples," Canadian  
Pacific Express Company slogan  
for the sending of gifts by Cana-  
dians to friends in Great Britain  
and Europe, is being extended from  
Christmas and New Year presents  
to gifts sent at all times of the  
year. With the present banner  
of apple crop of Canada, the fruit can  
be bought at a reasonable price and  
its quality is of the highest. If  
sent overseas before the close of  
navigation on the St. Lawrence,  
cost will be considerably reduced.

Over 300 officers and men of the  
4th Canadian Mounted Rifles first  
military regiment, formed in Tor-  
onto at the outbreak of the Great  
War, is holding its first reunion  
since the war at the Royal York  
Hotel, Toronto, November 22nd next.  
The unit is proud of the fact that  
it still has in its ranks a "Baby  
of Toronto," youngest Victoria  
Cross holder in Canada, who in-  
tended an enemy machine gun nest  
singlehanded at Passchendaele.

An apple tree, over a hundred  
years old, remarkable for its size,  
maturity and having this year pro-  
duced 22 barrels of Golden Pippin  
apples is attracting much attention  
in the orchard of Downey Morion,  
Kewille, King's County, Scot-  
land. Mr. Morion picked apples  
from the same tree 20 years ago  
and it was then a fairly grown tree.  
Today he believes it to be well over  
the century mark.

The arrangement existing be-  
tween the Canadian Pacific Rail-  
way and the Government of Nova  
Scotia with regard to British im-  
migration which has proved mutu-  
ally satisfactory, will be con-  
tinued for the coming year, is the  
recent announcement of L. B. Fraser,  
secretary to Premier Rhodes.

Superior grazing conditions in  
British Columbia are being  
reasoned for the shipment of 200,000  
head of Rambouillet and rams from  
Montana recently made to the Van-  
couver Live Stock Exchange for  
distribution to sheep raisers in the  
Cowichan and Cariboo districts of  
British Columbia.

The farm of Gustav Elbert of  
Wheatland that won the trophy  
recently offered by the Dominion  
Board of Trade for the best field  
of wheat in the northern part of  
the province of Alberta as well as  
the cup donated by the Alberta  
Government for the best farm in  
Alberta, has yielded 40 bushels to  
be sown on a 10-acre field and  
graded No. 1 hard. Elbert is an  
older farmer who came to Canada  
without capital and has made a  
striking success.

The British Family Re-Union As-  
sociation has just been created by  
the Canadian Pacific department of  
Colonization and Development—  
backed by influential organiza-  
tions, groups and individuals—to  
promote increased British settle-  
ment in Canada. It will particu-  
larly benefit heads of families in  
Canada desirous of having their  
wives and families join them in  
the Dominion, and others estab-  
lished on this side wishing to help  
relatives or friends to emigrate to  
the Dominion for permanent residence.

"I love work," he said. "All  
successful people love it. It is  
one of the best things in the  
world. Yet work must not be  
carried to excess."

"Work, carried to excess,  
from being a virtue becomes a  
vice, just as four aces in a card  
game fill every heart with ad-  
miration, while five cause all  
manner of trouble, hatred and  
turmoil."

## Important Questions—cont.

United States.

As for the armed force along  
the border, such is looked upon  
as a potential hazard to the  
present harmonious international  
relations. Whether Par-  
liament will sanction the co-  
operation mooted, is doubtful.  
The St. Lawrence waterway  
project will also come up this  
Session; although there is nothing  
to show so far that the  
treatment will be legislative.  
An international angle in this  
connection is that the establish-  
ment of the new lake terminal  
at present will necessitate the  
deepening of the channel. The  
channel is international, and  
draining by both the United  
States and Canada will be ne-  
cessary.

The fourth international  
question will have reference to  
the Sockeye Salmon Treaty,  
which was held up last year.

In line with domestic legisla-  
tion there will be the ratifica-  
tion of the agreements with  
provinces of Manitoba and Al-  
berta for the return of their  
natural resources, and it is pos-  
sible also that Saskatchewan  
may be included, although ne-  
gotiations cannot be said to be  
very complete with the latter  
government.

The Companies Act and Grain  
Act are two other measures  
due for consideration in the  
House; and in addition the re-  
port of the Royal Commission  
appointed to look into the  
question of salary revision for  
the technical and professional  
officials of the government ser-  
vice, is expected some time dur-  
ing the session.

A large number of private  
bills and divorce bills is ad-  
ditional indication that the session  
will be a heavy one, especially  
in view of the prolix discus-  
sion which the questions enu-  
merated are liable to evoke.

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## R. M. Mantario No. 261

Minutes of meeting January  
6, 1930 at the Municipal office,  
N. 27-27 w.3. Present: Reeve  
Austrom; Cns. Kinch, Mont-  
gomery, Batty, Dahl and Haw-  
tin.

The finance committee ex-  
amined the accounts presented;  
the following were found cor-  
rect:

J. C. Fagan, culprits, m. di-  
vision 3 300; Mantario Tele-  
phone Co., 1,1 calls, 80; Sec-  
Treas, postage, excise, exchan-  
ge, etc., 29.40; Alaska Hospital,  
09.00; St. Paul's, Saskatoon,  
42.00; Empress, 207.00; Station-  
ery Supply Co., 1.50; Empress  
Lumber, York, division, 5 exp.  
9.15; A. G. Rothmans, right-of-  
way purchased, 17.50; Geo. Has-  
sard, roads, Div. 1, 200.00. Total  
609.35.

Hawtin—That minutes of  
previous meeting be adopted as  
read.

The following appointments  
and committees were appointed:  
Committees—Permanent  
member of roads committee.

## On Batty.

Health—The whole council.  
Assessment—The whole coun-  
cil.

Schools—Cns. Batty and  
Dahl.

Finances—Hawtin and Batty.  
Parks and Pound-overs—  
Div. 1, Mrs. Schreffler, Gorse,  
Dahl, N. 38 24.27, Div. 2, H. Klip-  
per, Estuary, All 38 23.28 w.3.  
Div. 3, Jas. O. Hughes, Empress,  
SW 24.29 w.3. Div. 4, Ever-  
ett C. Turner, Mantario, N. 5  
27 w.3. Div. 5, Geo. Ditt-  
man, Alaska, NE 17.27.28 w.3.  
Div. 6, Grant Johnson, Alaska,  
N. 22 26.29, w.3.

Weed Inspectors—A. Ander-  
son, Mantario, Divs. 4, 5 and 6.  
J. Montgomery, Empress, Divs.  
1, 2 and 3.

Dahl—That remuneration of  
weed inspectors be at \$4 a day  
and 10 cents mileage.

Dahl—That the Secretaries of  
all school districts be advised  
that estimates for the year  
must be submitted on or before  
the 1st day of March on the  
form prescribed by the Council.  
Hospital Boards—Alaska, On

## Hawtin; Empress, Cns. Batty;

Estonia, Reeve Austrom.

Auditors—Messrs. Mowat,  
McTavish & Co., Saskatoon.

Austrom—That the Municipal  
account be carried at the Royal  
Bank, Alaska, and the bank's  
annual form of resolution be  
passed.

## Dahl—M.H.O., Div. 1, 4 and 5.

Dr. Lord; Div. 2, 3 and 6 Dr.

MacCharles.

That a retaining fee of \$15 be  
forwarded to the above, except-  
ance of the fee to be considered  
acceptance of the appointment.  
(cont. next week)

## FUEGO OIL CO., LTD.

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being issued at \$5.00 per share.  
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\$1.50 a Set

Rapid Washers, reg. 1.30, special .75

Pot Cover Knobs, reg. 15c.

special, 10c. for 5 Knobs

Cake Cuties, special 5c. each

R. A. POOL

## DON. MacRAE'S SPECIALS

Quaker Strawberry Jam, per tin .60

Smith's Pure-Fruit Jelly, 4lb. tins,

.65, 2 for 1.25

Choice Raspberries, in heavy syrup, 35c. tin, 3 for 1.00

Sweet Corn, c. of quality 3 for .35

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"SERVICE and SATISFACTION"

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Men's Heavy-Kibbed Wool Socks

Regular 85c a pair, at .70

Men's Heavy-Kibbed Wool Socks

Regular 75c a pair, at .65

Men's White Wool Socks

Regular 65c special, .50

Men's Grey Wool Socks

Regular 50c, special, .40

Men's Blue Striped Smocks

Size 36s, reg. 2.25, special, .95

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